BLIP 2017 Summary and 2018 Plans

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4th RaDIATE Collaboration Meeting Tokai-mura, Ibaraki, Japan

22 September, 2017

Outline

- Overview of BLIP irradiation
- 2017 irradiation run update
- Capsule status and plans
- 2018 irradiation plans
- Next steps



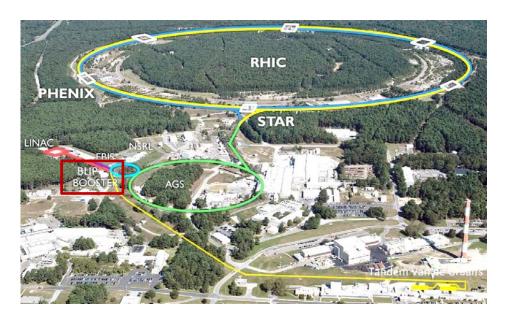
Objectives

- Evaluate radiation damage effects from high energy protons in various accelerator materials
 - Beam windows, secondary particle production targets, beam dumps
- Expose several material specimens to high energy protons at the BNL BLIP facility
- Perform PIE activities: measurement of strength (tensile, bend, fatigue), thermal properties (CTE, conductivity), annealing effects, microstructural analysis (SEM, TEM, EBSD, etc.)
- Characterize property changes due to proton irradiation damage





BNL BLIP facility

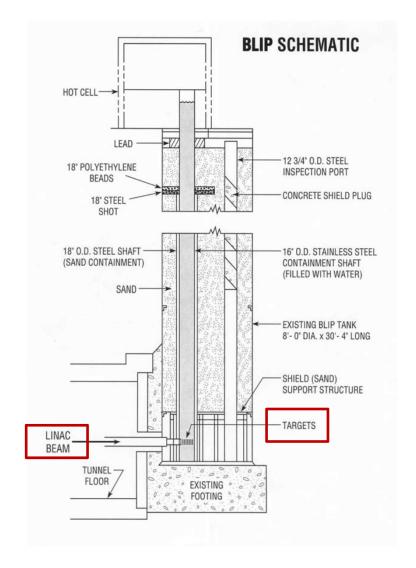


- BLIP's primary mission is medical isotope production
- High energy protons from the Linac

Energy: 66 < E < 200 MeV

Peak current: 165 μA

- Material irradiation runs in tandem and upstream of isotope targets
 - Optimized target array needed to deliver precise beam energy and flux for isotope production





RaDIATE irradiation run 2017

- Multiple capsules containing different materials
 - Capsule 1: Beryllium (FNAL)
 - Capsule 2: Graphite (FNAL)
 - Capsule 3: Silicon, SiC-coated graphite, Expanded graphite (CERN, KEK)
 - Capsule 4: Aluminum alloys (ESS)
 - Capsule 5: Titanium alloys (FRIB, KEK, Oxford, STFC, FNAL)
 - Capsule 6: TZM, Iridium, CuCrZr, Flexible graphite (CERN)
 - Capsule 7 (replacement): Titanium alloys (KEK, Oxford, STFC, FNAL)
- Experiment designed for a total of 8-week irradiation
 - Capsules 1 5: **8 weeks**
 - Capsule 6: 2 weeks
 - Capsule 7: 6 weeks















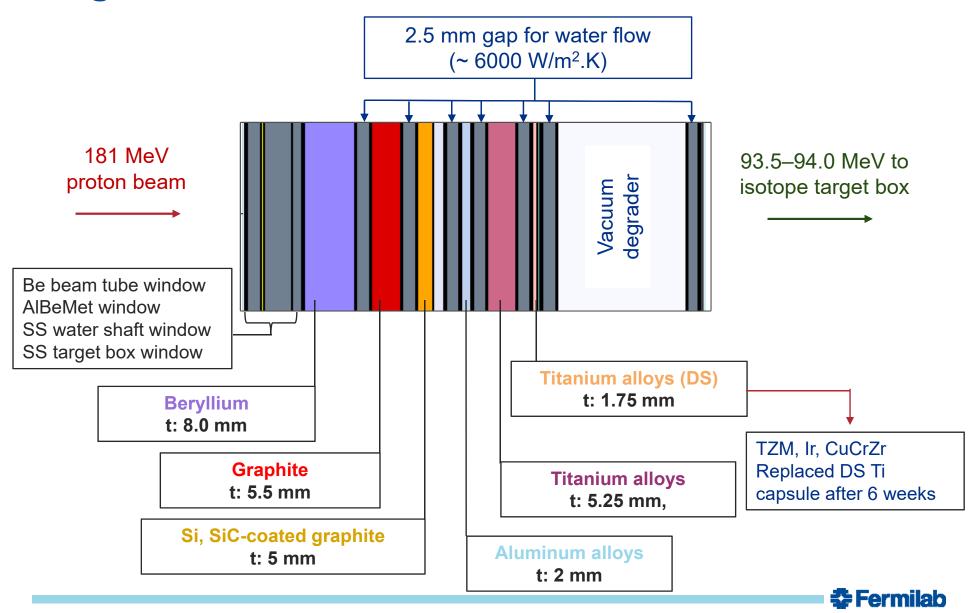








Target box schematic



Specimens and capsules assembly/installation

Graphite capsule

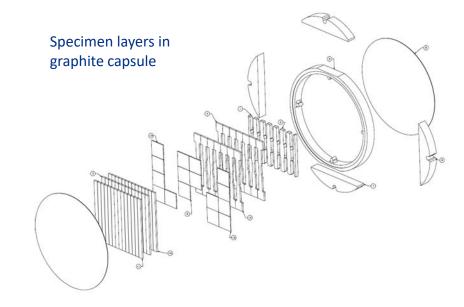


Beryllium capsule



Titanium capsule





Welded capsule in gas/vacuum



Capsule holder and basket





Target box and BLIP hot cell





Irradiation summary 2017

- Irradiation start: 4th April, 2017
- RF tank needed to increase energy to 181 MeV failed after 4 days
- Due to higher priority of RHIC, repair was postponed until end of May
- RaDIATE target inserted back in beam on June 6th
- Beam interruptions of about 14 days until BLIP shutdown (June 30th) due to
 - Dedicated isotope production runs
 - Linac repairs
 - Capsule exchange
- DS Ti capsule replaced with High-Z capsule after accumulating ~10 days of irradiation
- Dedicated RaDIATE BLIP run from June 30th to July 3rd
 - To meet minimum dose requirement (~13days) for High-Z capsule
- Irradiation of Si, DS Ti & High-Z capsules complete
 - Received minimum dose to proceed with PIE



Irradiation profile – 2017 run

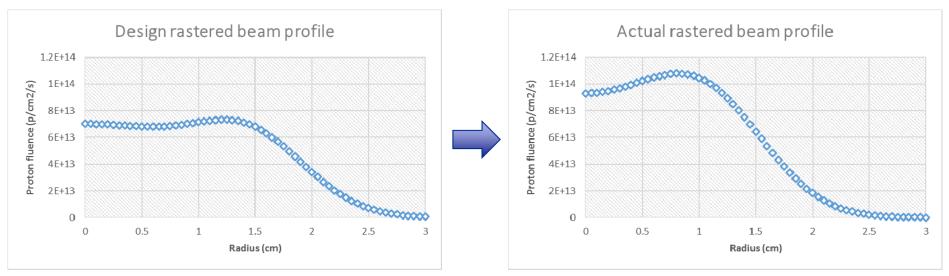
- Many thanks to our BNL colleagues
 - N. Simos, D. Medvedev, L. Mausner, C. Cutler, D. Raparia et al.
- Total protons on target: 1.76e21 (~22 days @ 146 μA avg.)
 - ~10 days for DS Ti capsule
 - ~13 days for high-Z capsule

	Event	Start date	End date	Irrad. time (days)	Total µAhrs	Current (μA)	POT	Cool-down (days)
DS Ti capsu	Run	4/26/2017	5/1/2017	3.91	13095.62	139.55	2.94651E+20	-
	Linac trouble and repair	5/1/2027	6/6/2017					37
	Run	6/6/2017	6/7/2017	1	3325	138.54	7.48125E+19	-
	Thorium run	6/7/2017	6/12/2017					5
	Source repair	6/12/2017	6/13/2017					1
	Run	6/13/2017	6/17/2017	4.52	16043.87	147.90	3.60987E+20	-
	Swap to high-Z capsule	6/17/2017				Phase 1 Total	7.30451E+20	-
With High-Z capsule	Run	6/17/2017	6/21/2017	4.48	17075.48	158.81	3.84198E+20	-
	Source repair	6/21/2017	6/23/2017					2
	Run	6/23/2017	6/26/2027	3	10518.1	146.08	2.36657E+20	-
	Dedicated runs	6/26/2017	6/27/2017					1
	Run	6/27/2017	7/3/2017	5.14	18021	146.08	4.05473E+20	-
	End of Run 1					Phase 2 Total	1.02633E+21	



Rastered beam profile

- Actual rastered beam parameters were slightly different to design parameters
 - 1 x inner sweep + 5 x outer sweep, 6.67 Hz
 - Beam sigma of 0.51 cm and inner sweep radius of 0.55 cm unchanged
 - Outer sweep radius changed from <u>1.5 cm to 1.2 cm</u>
- Higher peak fluence (~30% increase) but reduced flat profile area



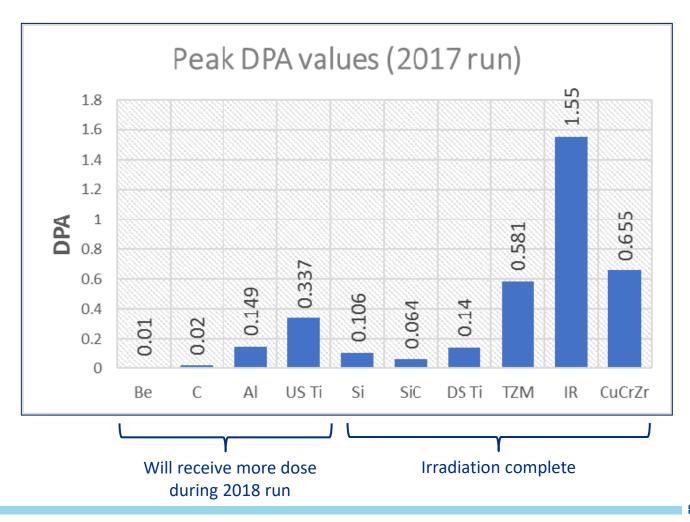
Inner sweep: 0.55 cm, outer sweep: 1.5 cm

Inner sweep: 0.55 cm, outer sweep: 1.2 cm



DPA accumulation so far

Based on actual irradiation time and updated rastered beam profile



Current status of capsules

- Target box currently cooling down in BNL building 801 hot cell
 - Measured dose rate from target box lower than initially calculated
- Currently planning shipment of completed capsules to PNNL
 - Type A container borrowed from ORNL (bore size: 6" diameter, 33" long)
 - Proposing one shipment for Silicon, DS Ti & High-Z capsules in December 2017 (non-inclusive shipment)
 - Predict <2 mSv/hr & sum of radionuclide ratios ~0.7
- PIE work will begin in 2018
- PIE and capsule shipment preparatory work ongoing at PNNL
 - Capsule loading, packaging and paperwork
 - Shipment receipt and specimen sorting
 - Capsule opening device design/fabrication
 - Testing plans for capsules

More details in D. Senor presentation



BLIP run 2 - 2018

- BLIP currently scheduled to start during the first week of 2018
- Plan to resume RaDIATE target box irradiation as early as possible
 - To allow installation of specimens in HiRadMat experiment in Sept. 2018
- 4-5 weeks irradiation run to complete 8-week irradiation goal
 - No cost-sharing with RHIC, which will not be using protons until March 2018.
 - Expect higher beam time cost
- Opportunity to add new capsules during second run
 - Silicon and DS Ti/High-Z capsule slots vacant
 - Specimen space availability:
 - DS Ti/high-Z slot: 1.75 mm
 - Si slot: 5 mm
 - Energy budget: 15 MeV



New DS Ti capsule (KEK, RAL, FNAL)

- New DS Ti capsule
 - Same specimen thickness as first DS Ti capsule: 1.75 mm
 - Energy budget: 4.8 MeV (incl. SS windows)
- KEK will provide all the specimens
- FNAL to fabricate SS capsule and coordinate welding at EB industries, NY

Proposed material specimen layers

- 3 layers of tensile specimens (3 x 0.5 mm)
- 3 layers of microstructural specimens (3 x 0.5 mm fits in between tensiles)
- 2 layers of meso-scale fatigue specimens (2 x 0.125 mm)

Ti alloy candidates

- Unalloyed Ti ASTM Grade 2
- Ti-5Al-2.5Sn ASTM Grade 6
- Ti-3Al-2.5V ASTM Grade 9
- Ti-6Al-4V ASTM Grade 5
- Ti-6Al-4V ASTM Grade 23(ELI)
- Ti-15V-3Cr-3Al-3Sn, AMS 4914

More details in T. Ishida presentation



New CERN capsule

- New CERN capsule to replace Si capsule
 - Specimen thickness: **4.5 mm** (0.5 mm less than Si capsule)
 - Energy budget: ~10 MeV (incl. SS windows)
- CERN will provide final assembled/welded capsule

Proposed material specimen layers

- 1 layer of Ta2.5W (1 x 0.5 mm)
- 2 layers of Mo-coated MoGR and CfC (2 x 1.5 mm)
- 1 layer of pure Si (1 x 1 mm)
- Expect to consume 10 MeV (incl. SS windows)

More details in E. Fornasiere presentation



Next steps – 2018 run

- Finalize contents of new capsules and provide info to BNL
 - Specimen thickness
 - Material composition data
 - Specimen/capsule drawings
- Update and submit safety document for BNL BLIP safety review
 - FLUKA analysis iterations to optimize target box (BNL)
- Specimen and capsule preparation
 - Design and fabrication of specimens and capsules
 - Specimen assembly and capsule welding
 - Capsule shipment to BNL
 - Design and fabrication of new vacuum degrader and capsule holders (BNL)

Need to be ready for irradiation in early Jan. 2018

