

J-PARC Neutrino Facility Upgrade



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on behalf of
J-PARC Neutrino Group

2017.09.18

NBI2017:

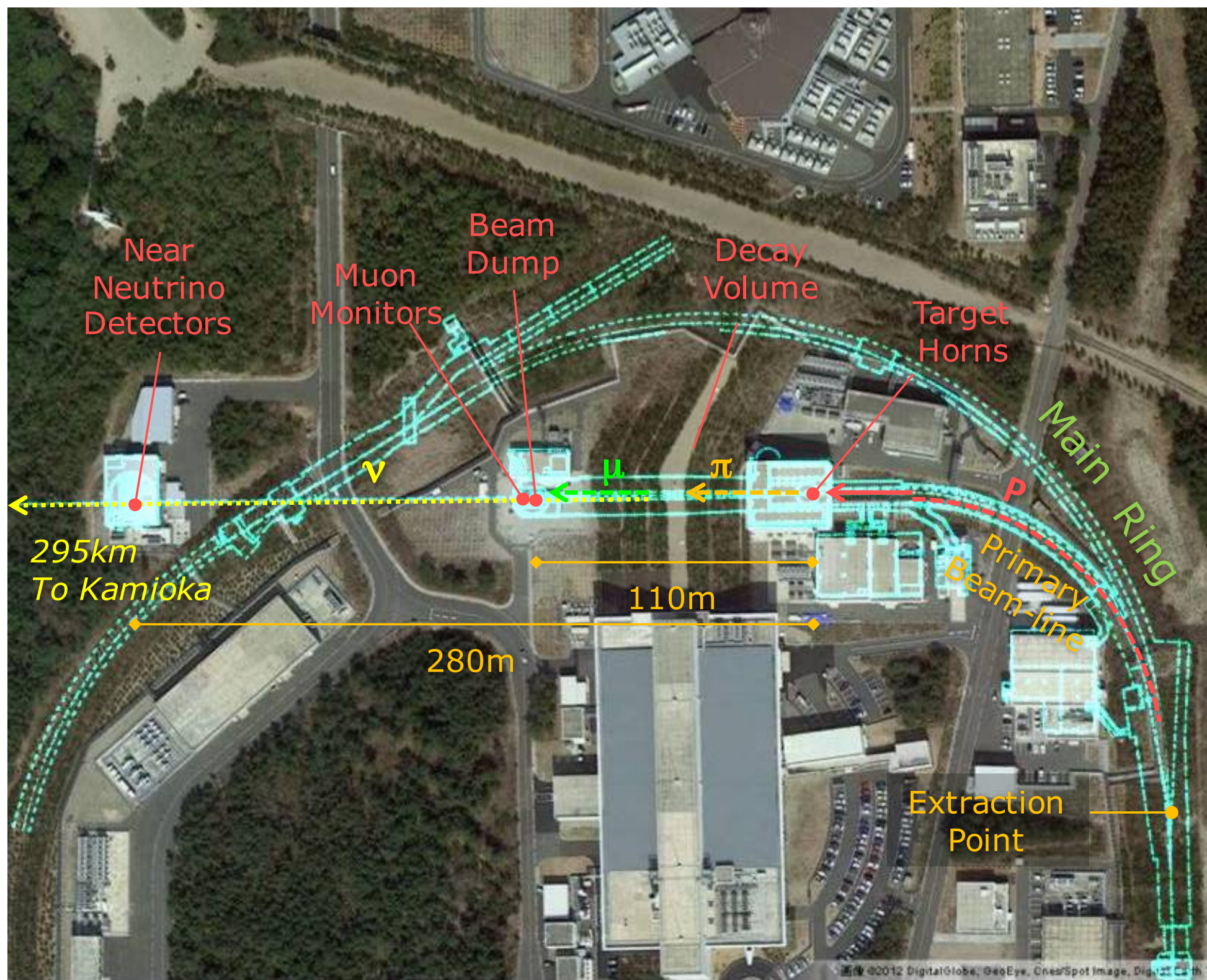
10th International Workshop on Neutrino Beams and Instrumentation



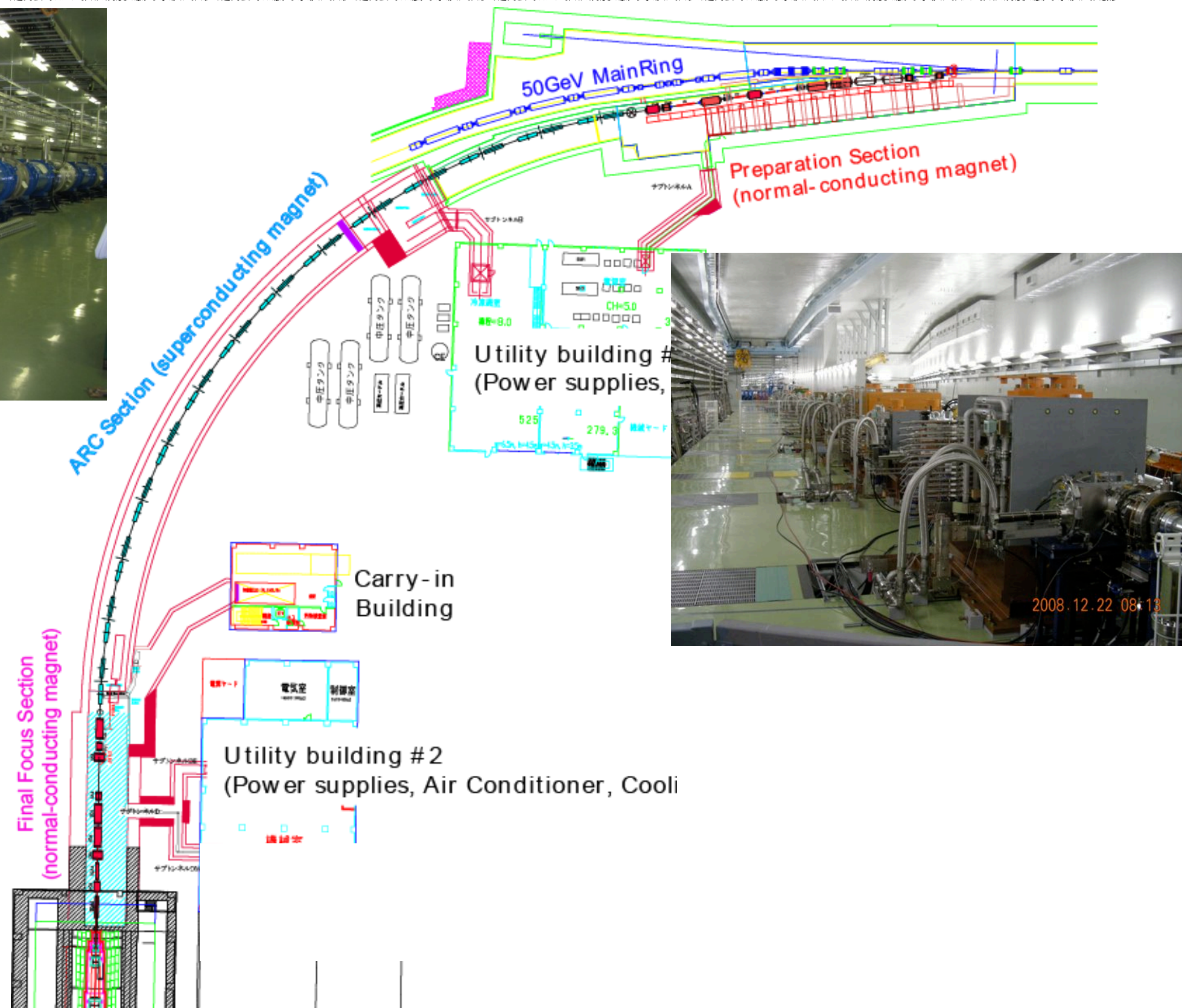
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- 1. Introduction**
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J-PARC Neutrino Facility

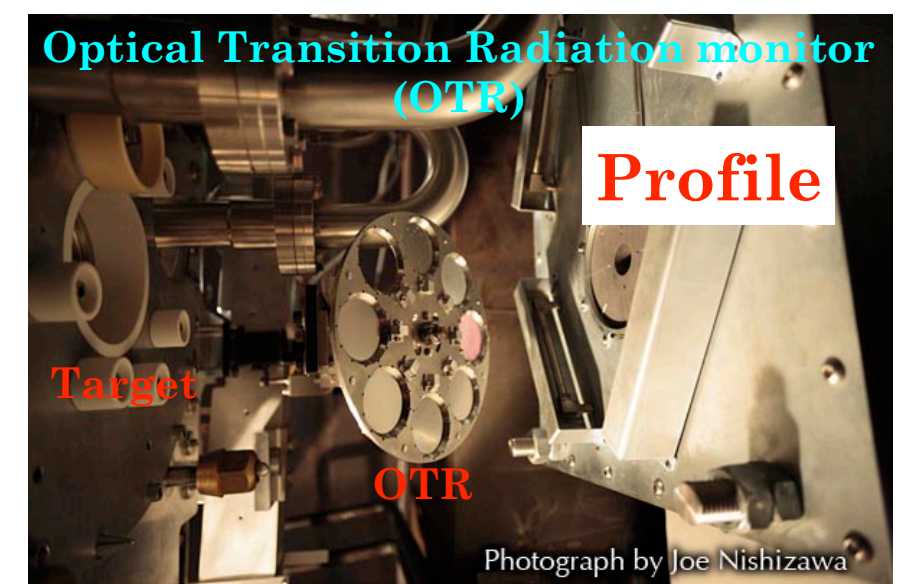
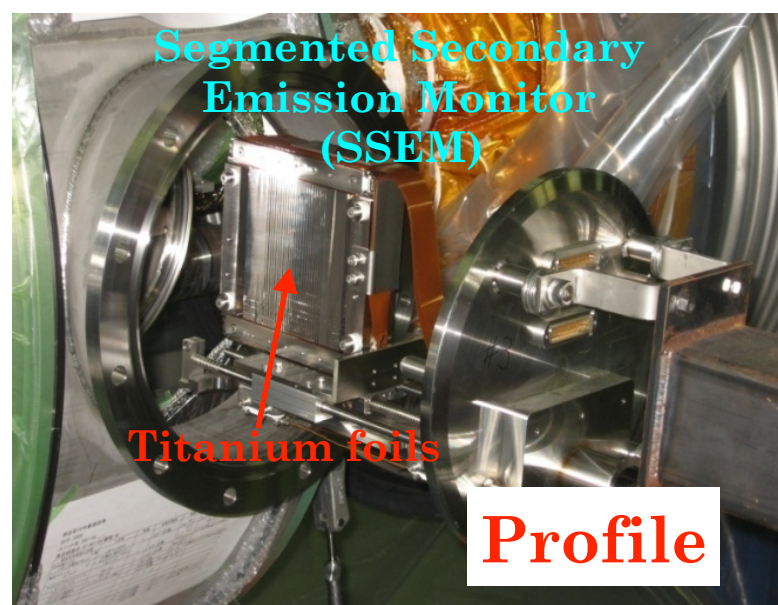
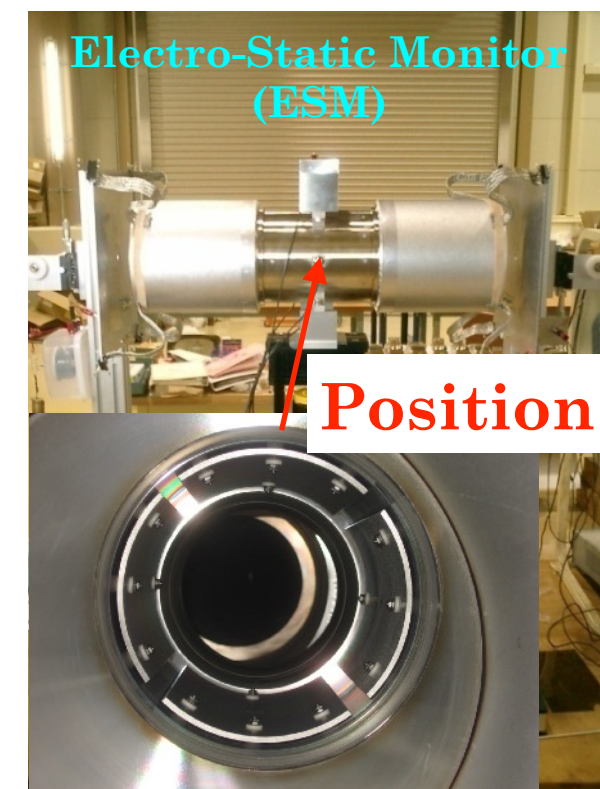
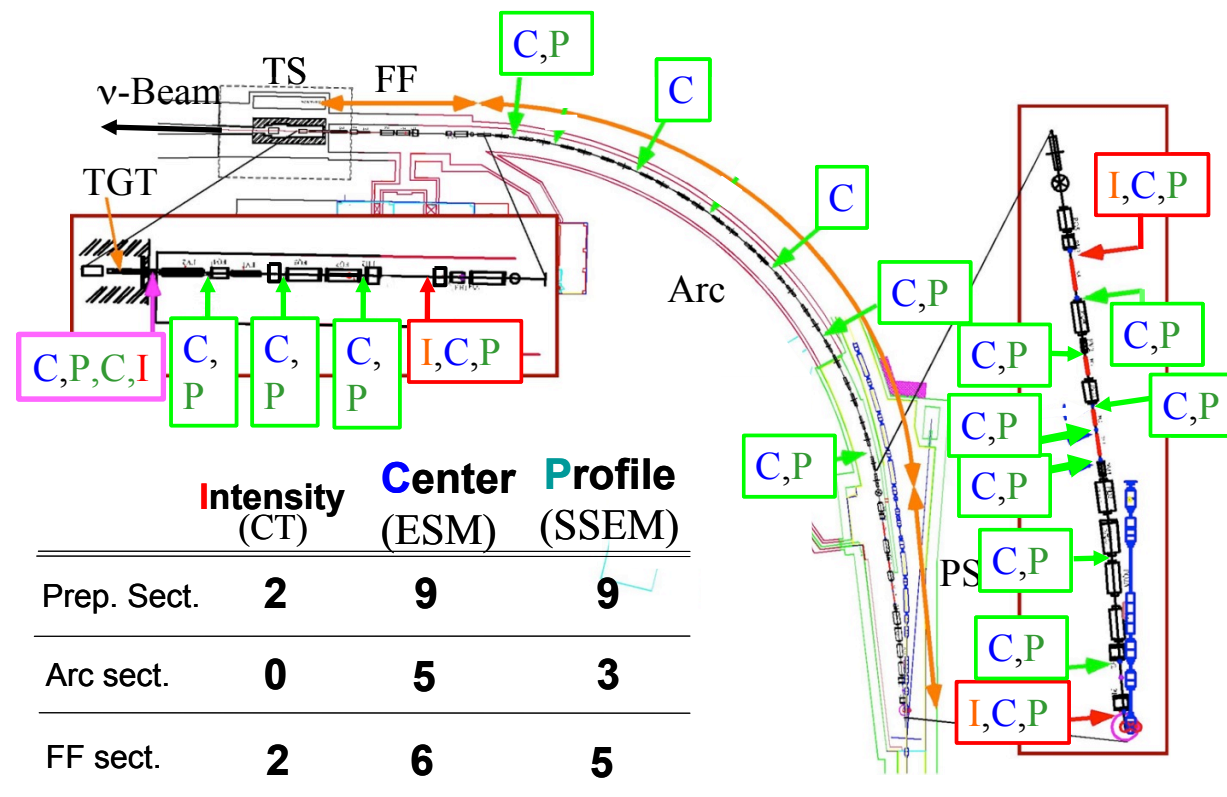
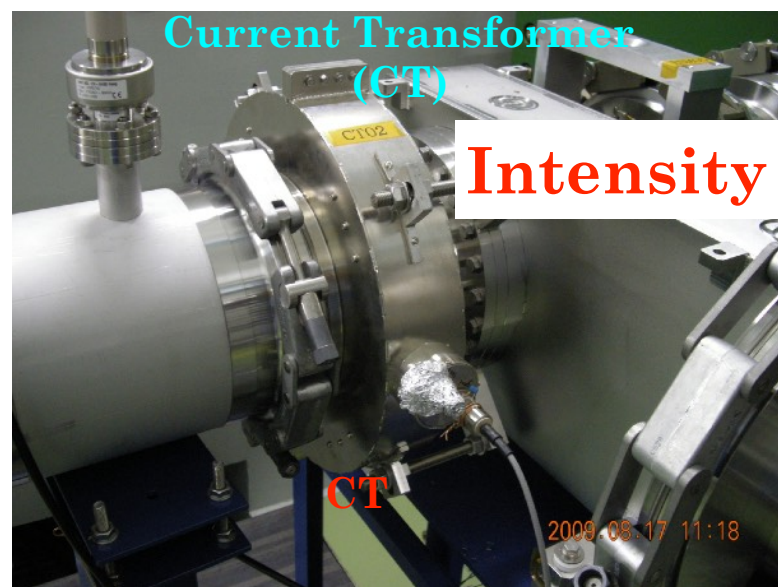


Primary Beamline

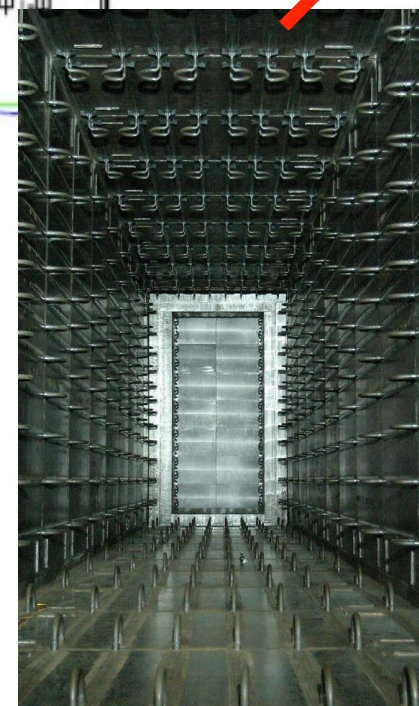
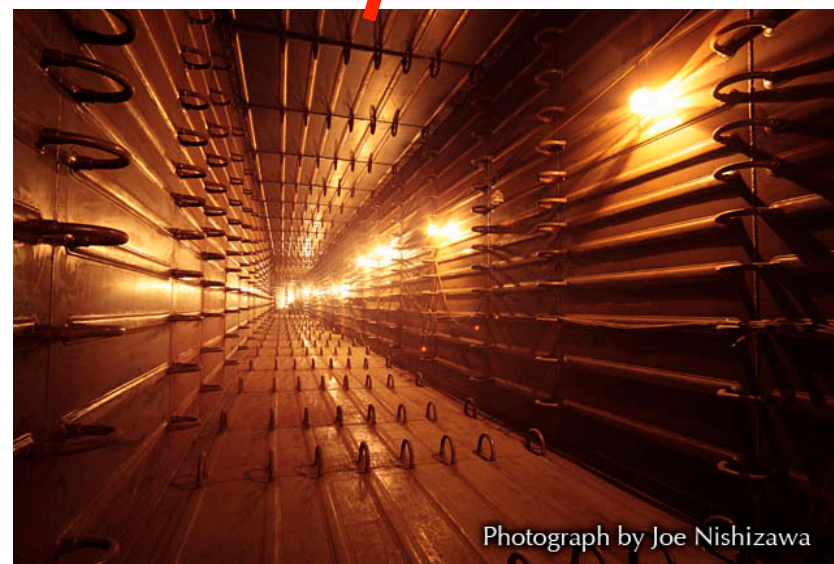
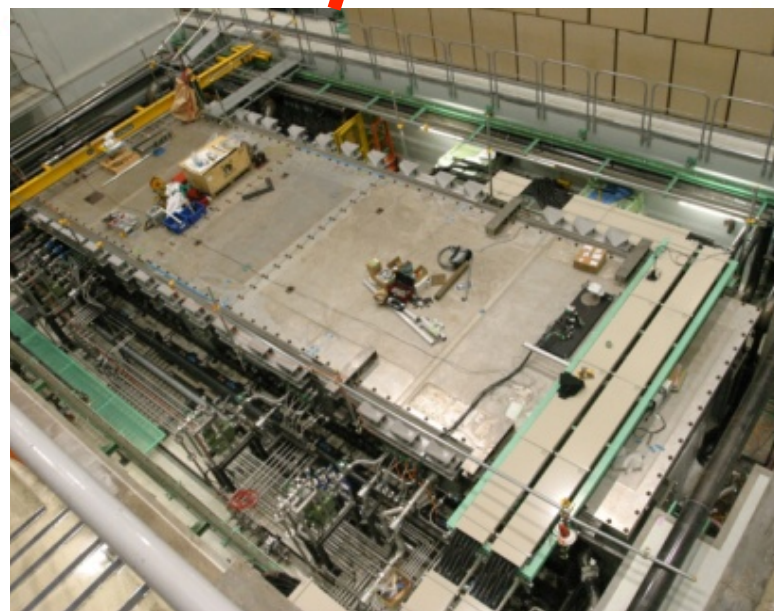
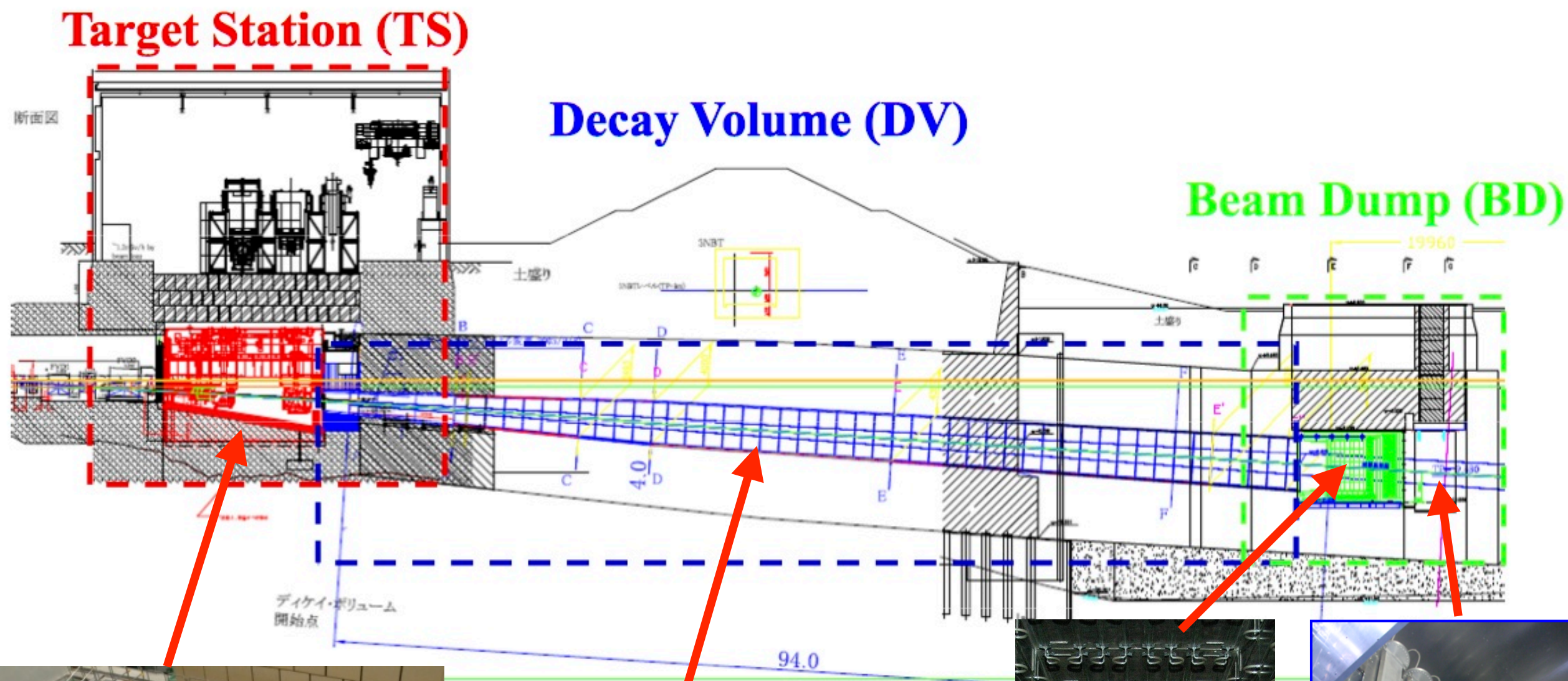


Beam Monitors

- Proton beam measurements and control
 - Precise beam control is crucial for high intensity beam

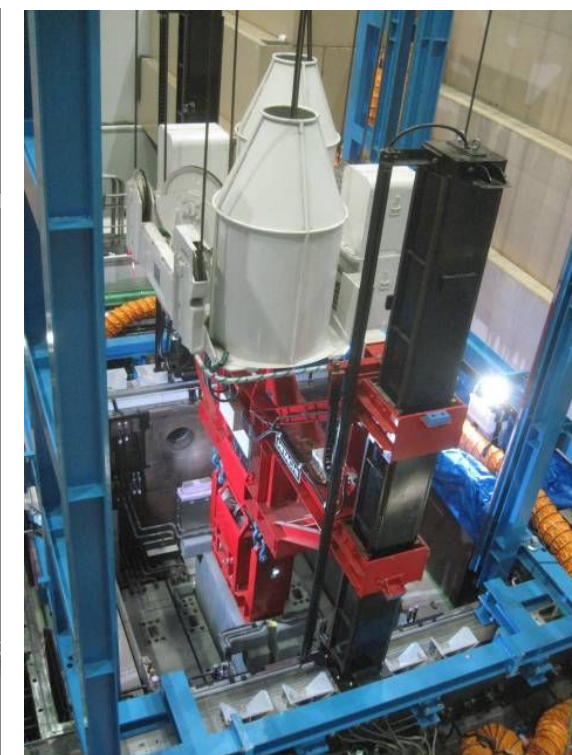
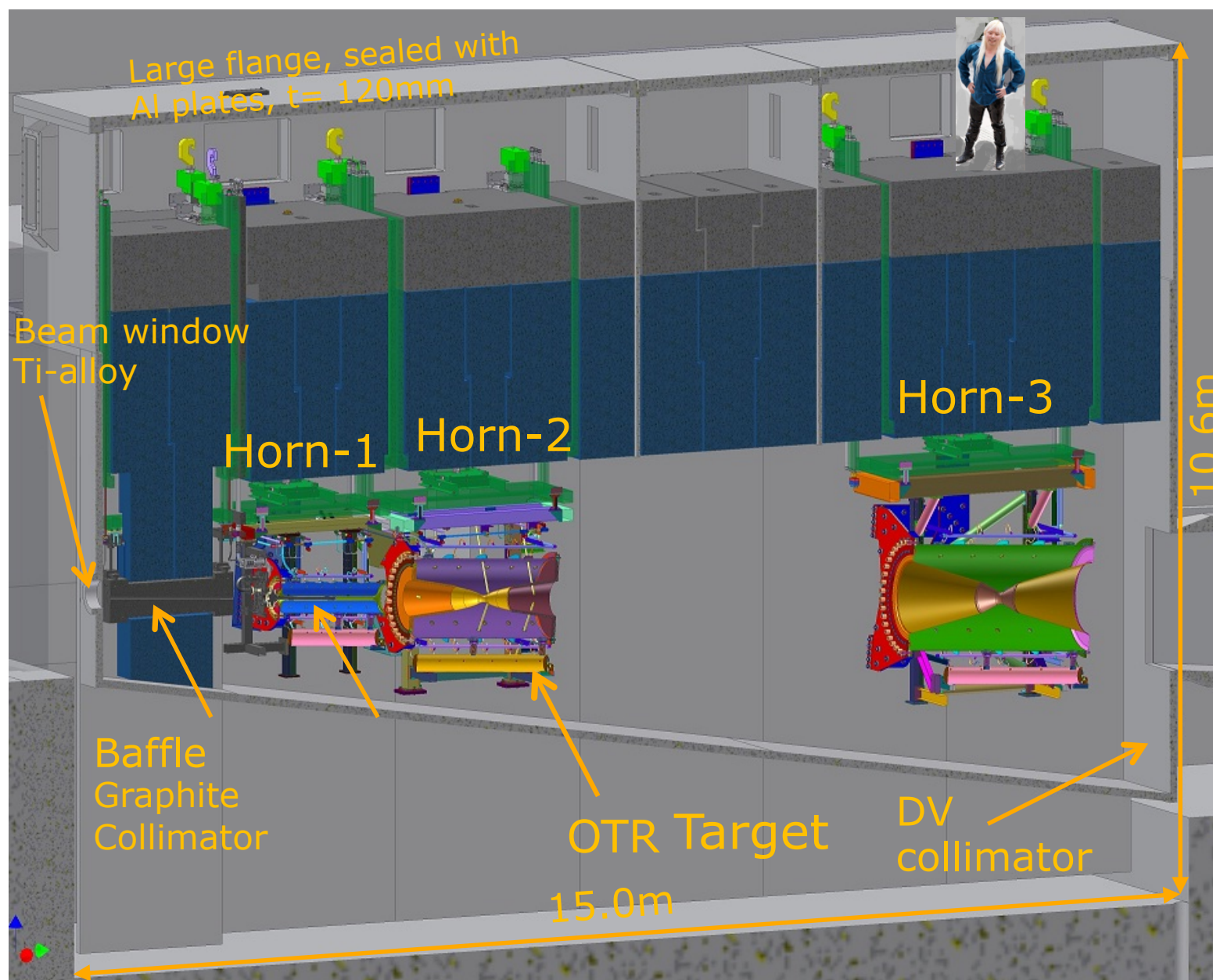
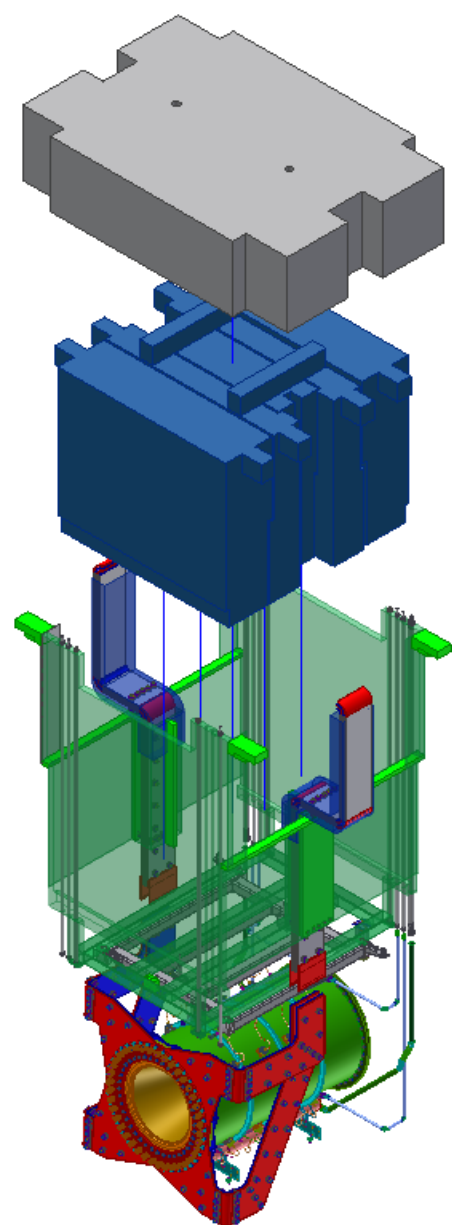


Secondary Beamline



Target Station

All equipments inside Helium Vessel can be replaceable



- All beamline equipments are highly irradiated at $O(10)$ Sv/h
- Exchangeable with remote handling.
- Guide system for precision alignment during movement.

Talk by M. Tada

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2. Future upgrade plan

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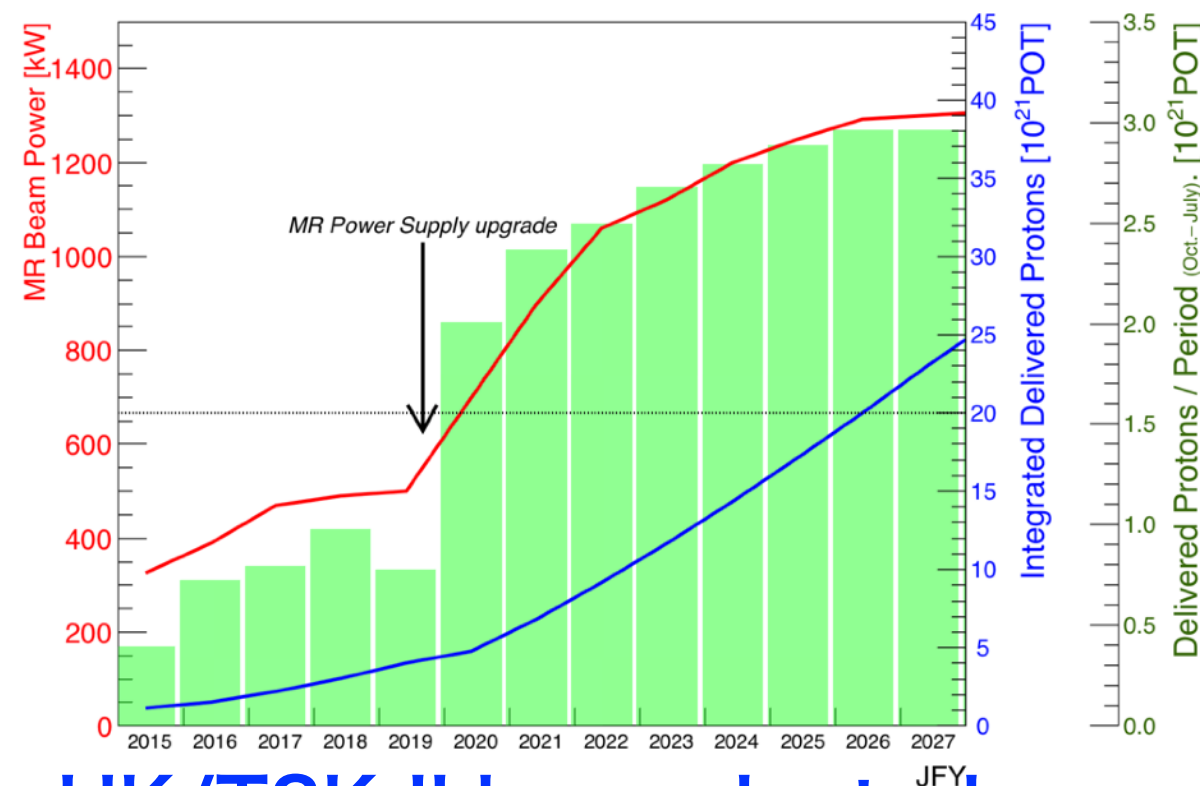
MR Beam Power Upgrade Plan

Beam Power	470 (achieved)	750kW (proposed) [original]	1MW (demonstrated)	1.3MW (proposed)
# of protons/ pulse	2.4×10^{14}	2.0×10^{14} [3.3×10^{14}]	2.6×10^{14}	3.2×10^{14}
Operation cycle	2.48 s	1.3 s [2.1 s]	1 shot	1.16 s

Method

- Increase repetition rate for 750kW
- Increase beam intensity for >1.3MW

T2K-II Protons-On-Target Request



- Accelerator/beamline upgrade for HK/T2K-II has selected as the highest priority project in KEK PIP

Revised in Jan. 2017

JFY	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
		New buildings			Long shutdown			
FX power [kW]	390	470	480-500	> 500	700	800	900	1060
SX power [kW]	42	42	50	50-60	60-80	80	80-100	100
Cycle time of main magnet PS	2.48 s			2.48 s	1.3 s	1.3 s	1.3 s	1.3 s
New magnet PS		Mass production installation/test						
High gradient rf system	Installation						-----	
2 nd harmonic rf system		Manufacture, installation/test					-----	
Ring collimators	Add.coll imators (2 kW)				Add.colli. (3.5kW)		Upgrade for 1.3MW	
Injection system	Kicker PS improvement, Septa manufacture /test						-----	
FX system	Kicker PS improvement, FX septa manufacture /test						-----	
SX collimator / Local shields					Local shields			
Ti ducts and SX devices with Ti chamber			ESS					

- **Basic philosophy for beamline design**
 - Most of components were designed to accept **3.3×10^{14} ppp**
 - Replaceable components designed for **750kW** (can be upgraded later)
 - Non-replaceable components (HV, DV, BD) designed for **3~4MW**
- **Necessary upgrade toward >1.3MW**
 - **Primary beamline**
 - Upgrade beam monitors
 - Produce larger aperture magnets
 - Remote maintenance for equipment in final focusing section
 - **DAQ**
 - Upgrade DAQ/control system for higher rep. rate and safety operation
 - **Secondary beamline**
 - Upgrade Horn system for higher current operation (250kA → **320kA**)
 - Increase **cooling capacity** for secondary beamline components
 - Increase capacity for **radioactive water disposal**
 - Understand **radiation damage** and develop more radiation-resistant beamline components (target/beam window, etc)



Current Acceptable Beam Power

Component	Limiting factor	Current acceptable value	
Target/ Beam window	Thermal shock	3.3×10^{14} ppp	
	Cooling capacity	0.9MW	
Horn	Conductor cooling	2MW	
	Stripline cooling	0.75MW	
	Hydrogen production	1MW	
	Operation	250kA, 2.48s	
He Vessel	Thermal stress	4MW	
	Cooling capacity	0.75MW	
Decay Volume	Thermal stress	4MW	
	Cooling capacity	0.75MW	
Beam Dump	Oxidization	3MW	
	Cooling capacity	0.75MW	
Radiation disposal	Radioactive air	>2MW	
	Radioactive water	0.4MW	



Beam Monitor Upgrade

Wire Secondary Emission Monitor (WSEM)

- First prototype installed \Rightarrow worked well as expected
- Beam loss reduced by 1/10 of current SSEM

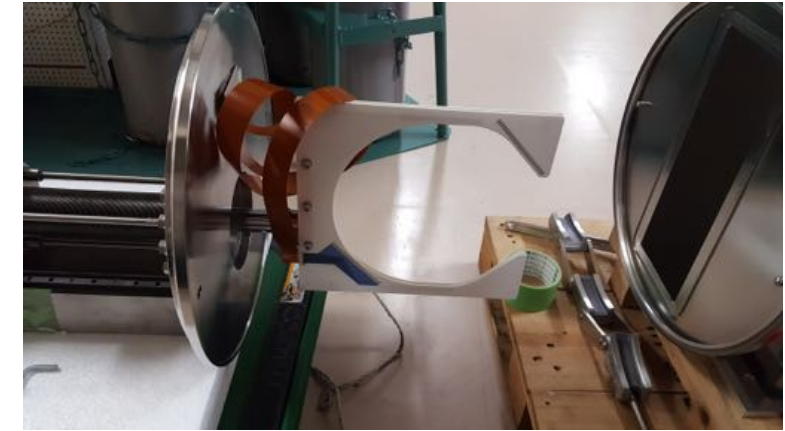
Beam Induced Fluorescent Monitor (BIF)

- Light emission from beam-gas interaction
- Various component tests ongoing

Schedule

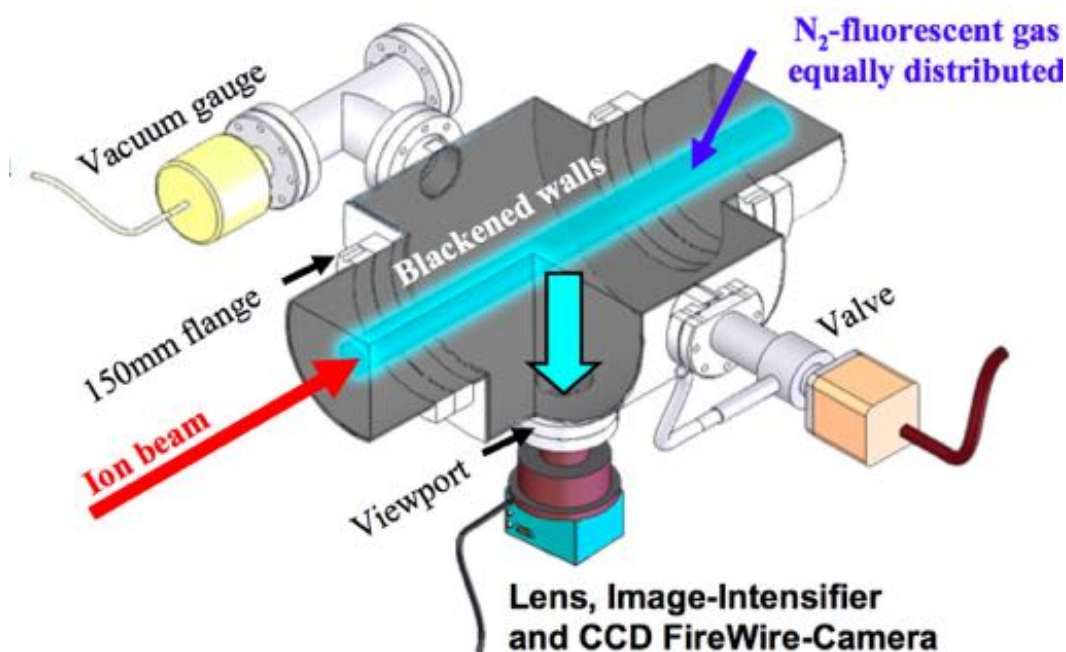
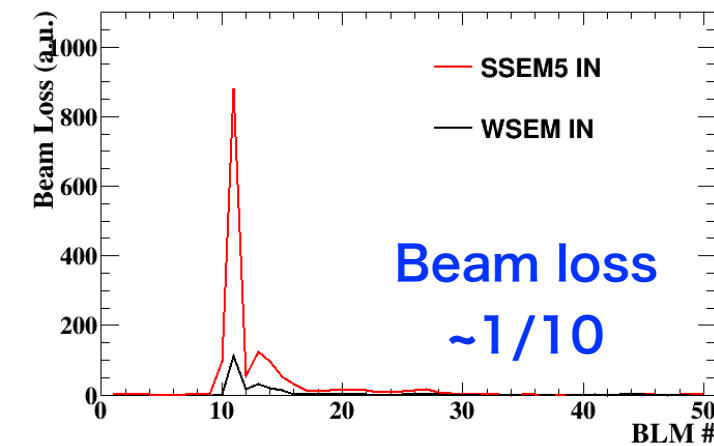
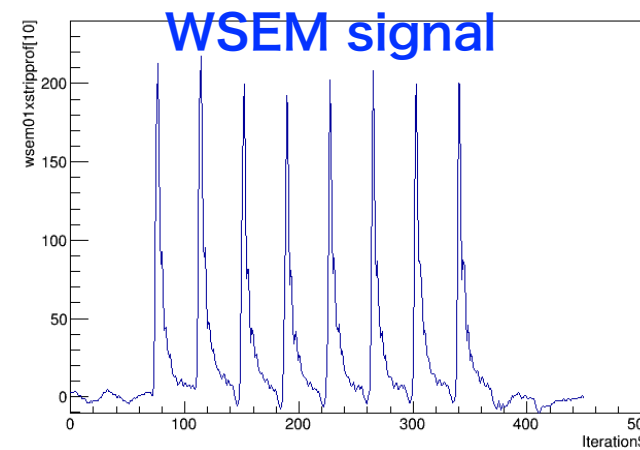
- Aim to install
 - WSEM in ~2018
 - BIF in ~2020

Talk by M. Friend



WSEM Mounted on Mover

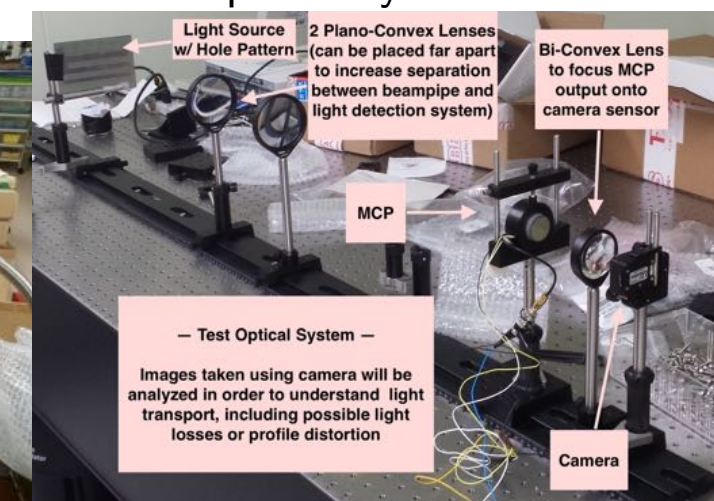
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Test Vacuum Vessel @Tokai



Test Optical System @IPMU



Other Monitors

• Muon monitor upgrade

Talk by Y. Ashida

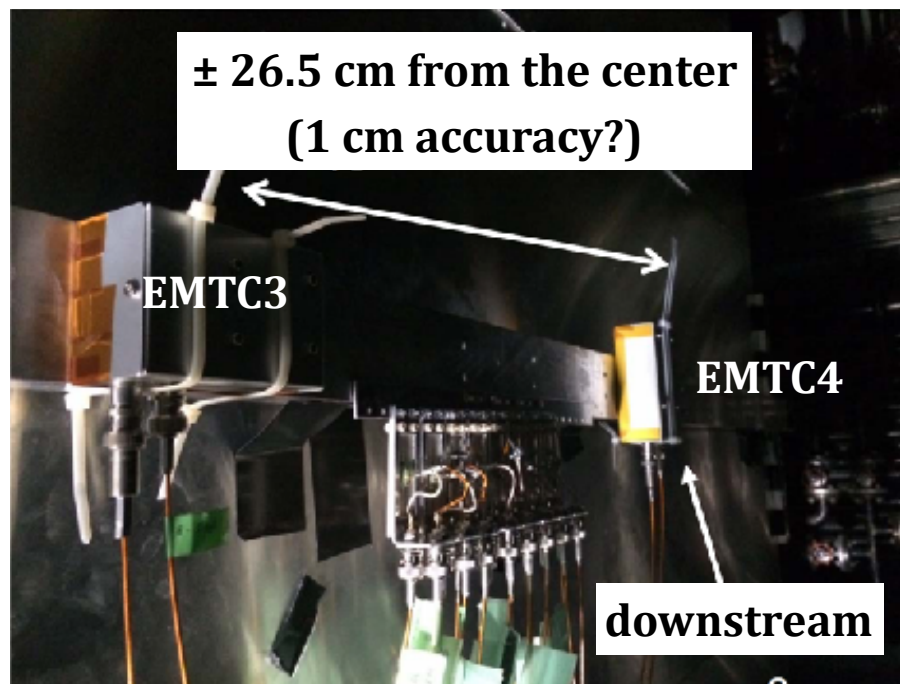
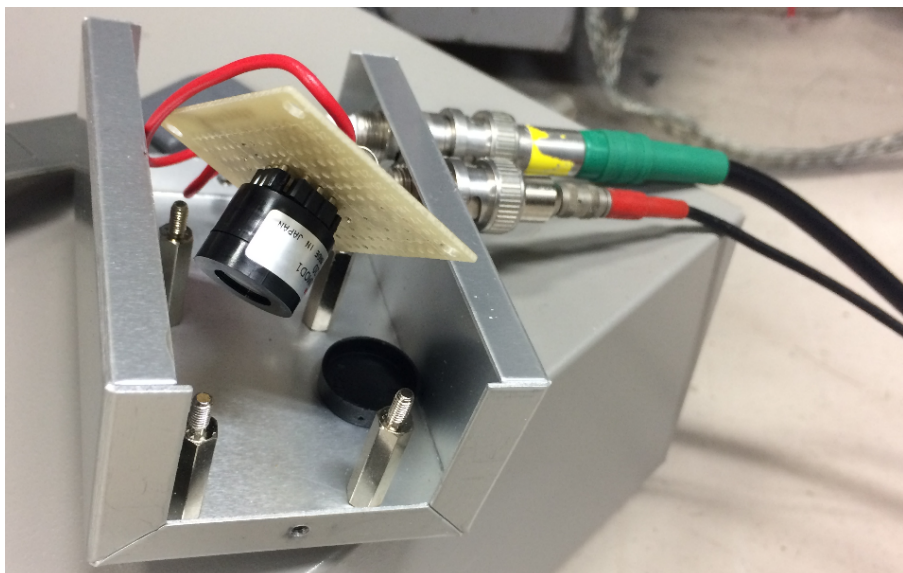
- Existing: Si and Ion Chamber \Rightarrow Si is not high radiation tolerant
- Developing new type of muon monitors (electron multiplier tube, EMT)

• OTR upgrade

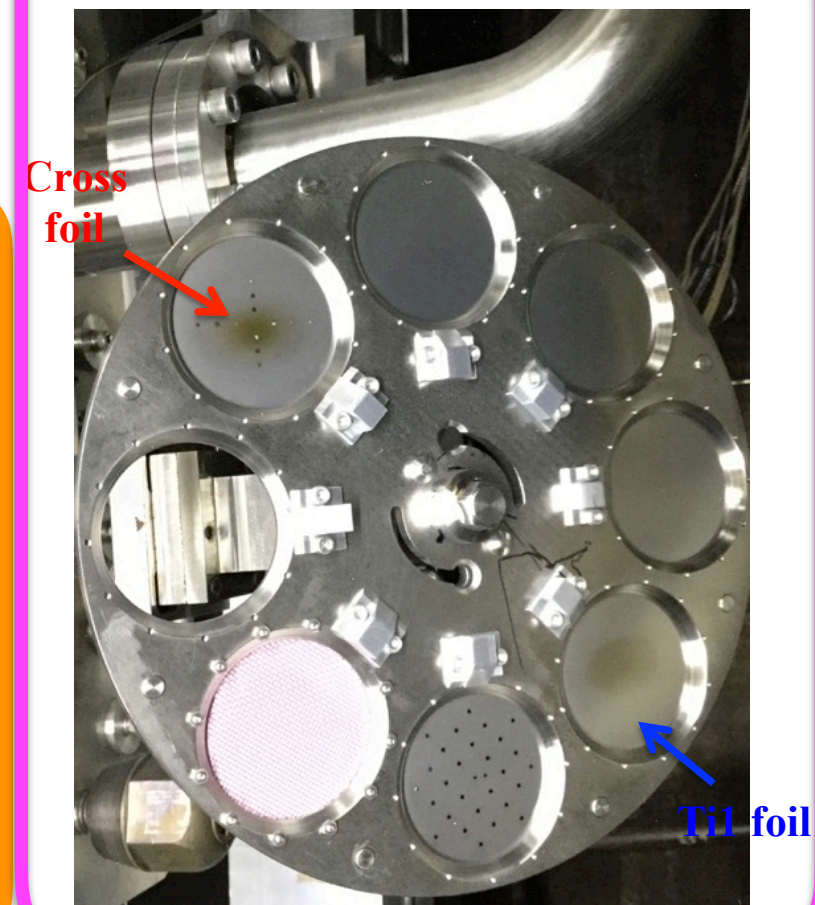
Talk by M. Yu

- Problem on rotation system
 - Develop more redundant system
- Radiation damage is an issue
 - New Ti material to be used

MUMON



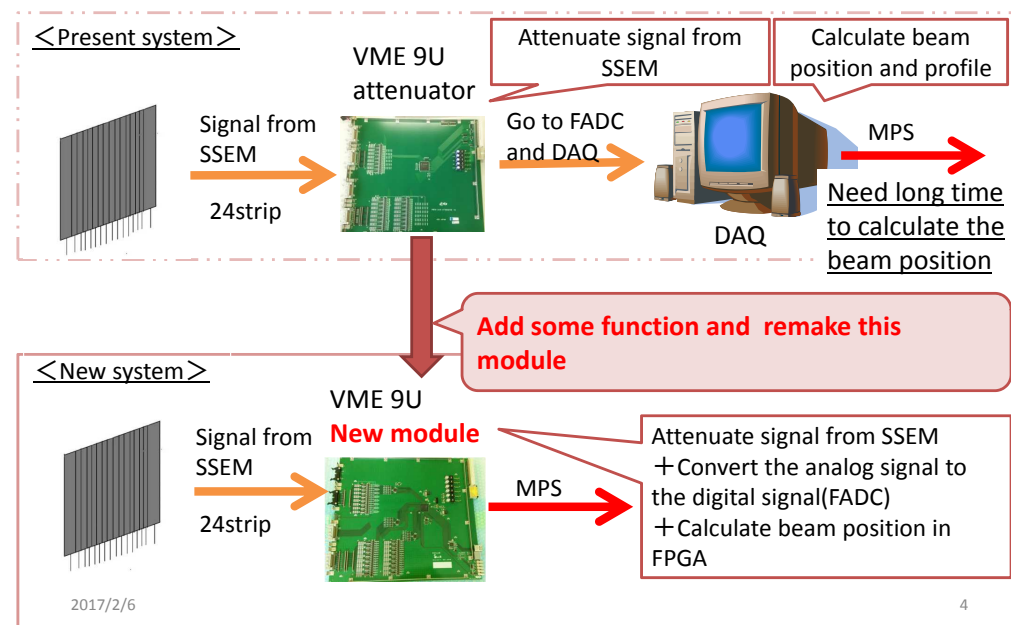
OTR





Control/DAQ Upgrade for 1Hz Operation

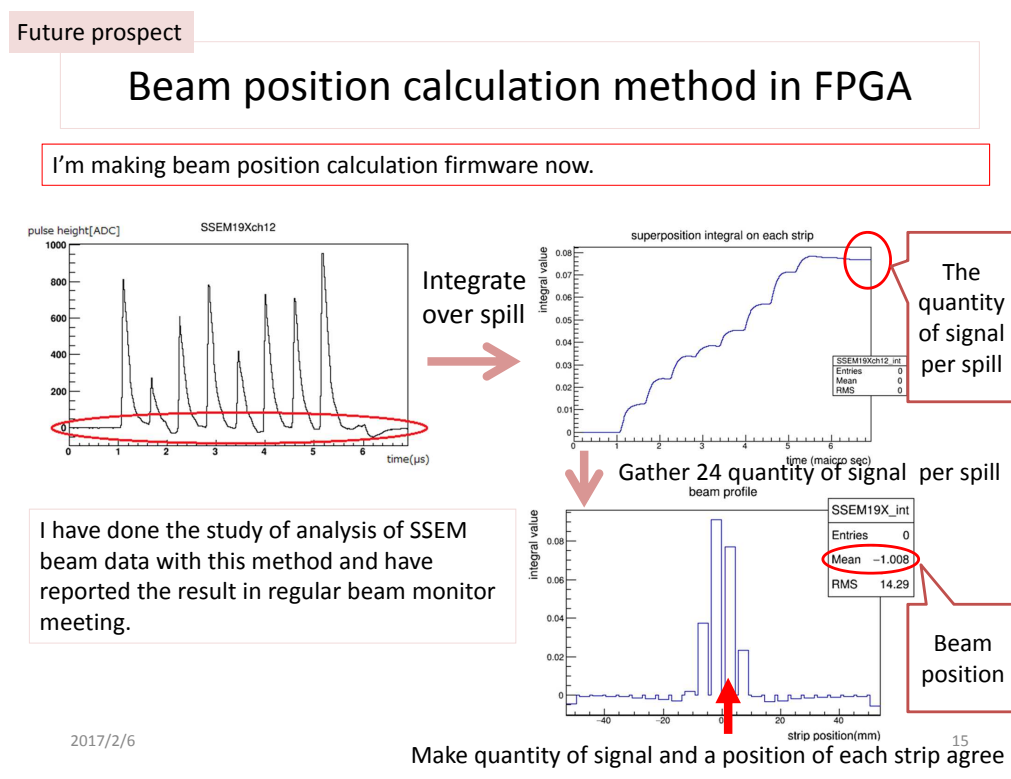
- Faster DAQ for high rep. rate \Rightarrow **New FADC** (by Hamada@KEK)
- New hardware interlock for safe beam operation \Rightarrow **New interlock module** (by Yamasu@Okayama U)
- Prototype boards under development
- Aim to implement in FY2019 or earlier



CAVALIER
(16 ChAnnel Vme Adc moduLe for neutrIno ExpeRiment)

処理フロー

- ①ADC Driver (ADA4932&ADA4938) + RC回路+LC回路
 - 信号増幅
 - ローパスフィルタ (125MHz)
- ②ADC (AD4249)
 - 10~250MHzでサンプリング
- ③FPGA (Artix-7)
 - データ受信
 - ネットワーク処理
- ④Ethernet (LAN8810)
 - データ転送



Target Upgrade

Talk by T. Nakadaira

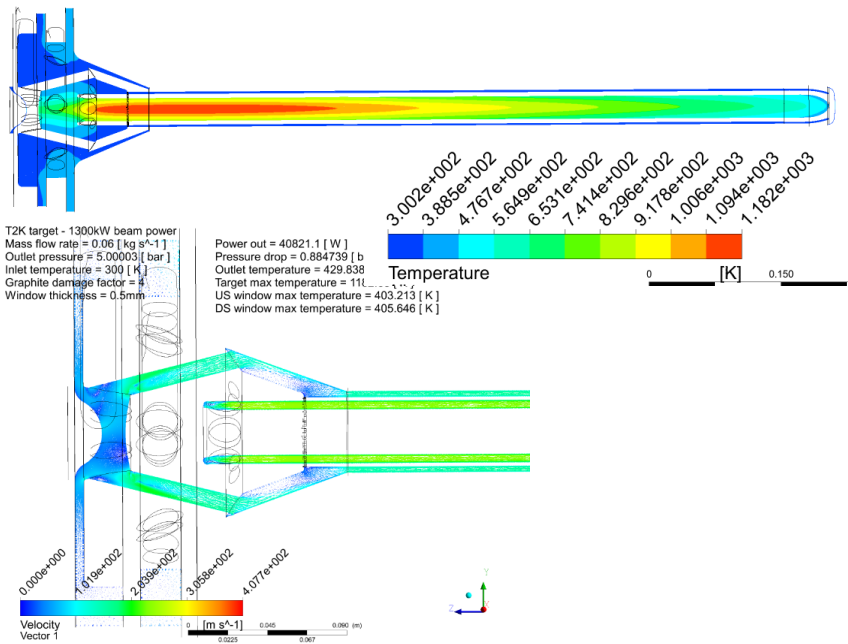
Original target design

- Design intensity = 3.3×10^{14} ppp \rightarrow **3.2×10^{14} ppp** should be no problem
- Understanding radiation damage is crucial
- Cooling capacity: 750kW + 20% margin \rightarrow **900kW**



Improvement

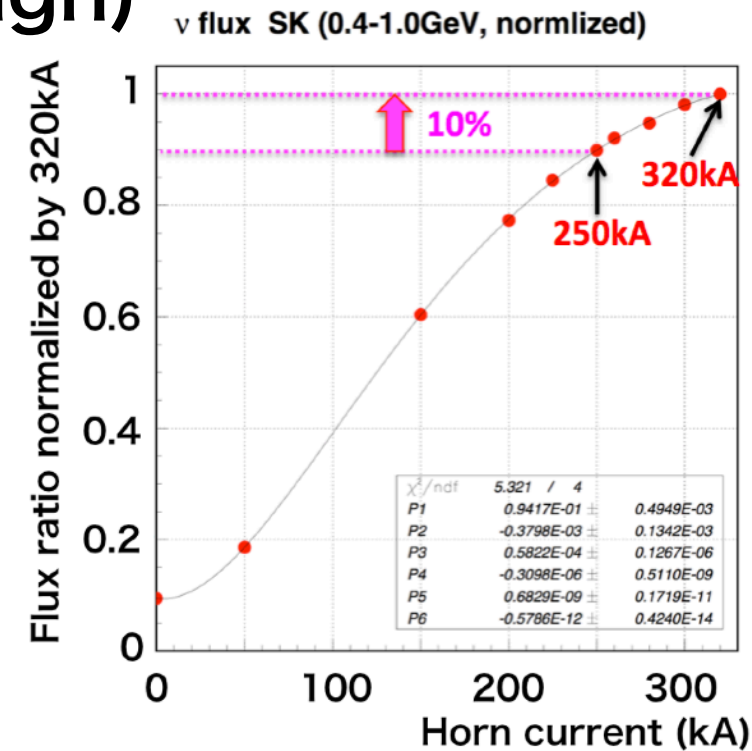
- **Higher flow rate** needed \rightarrow higher pressure tolerance
- **Upgrade of He compressor** is needed to increase flow rate
- FEM simulation for 1.3 MW \Rightarrow max temp. = 909°C (should be reduced)
- Further study is ongoing



	0.75 MW	1.3 MW
Helium pressure	1.6 bar	5 bar
Pressure drop	0.83 bar	0.88 bar
Helium mass flow	32 g/s	60 g/s
Heat load	23.5 kW	40.8 kW
US window temp	105 ° C	157 ° C
DS window temp	120° C	130° C
Targe core temp	736 °C	909 °C

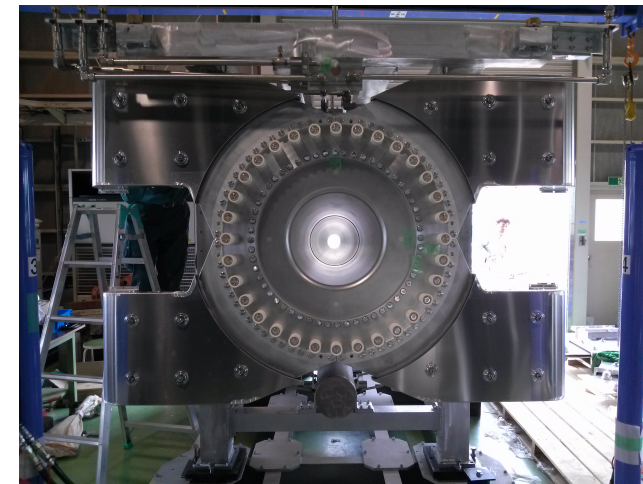
Horn current increase: 250 kA \rightarrow 320 kA (design)

- ~10% flux gain for right-sign neutrinos
- 5~10% flux reduction for wrong-sign neutrinos
- 3 power supply system is adopted
 - New PS, new transformer, new striplines developed
 - Further 1PS, 2trans., striplines needed

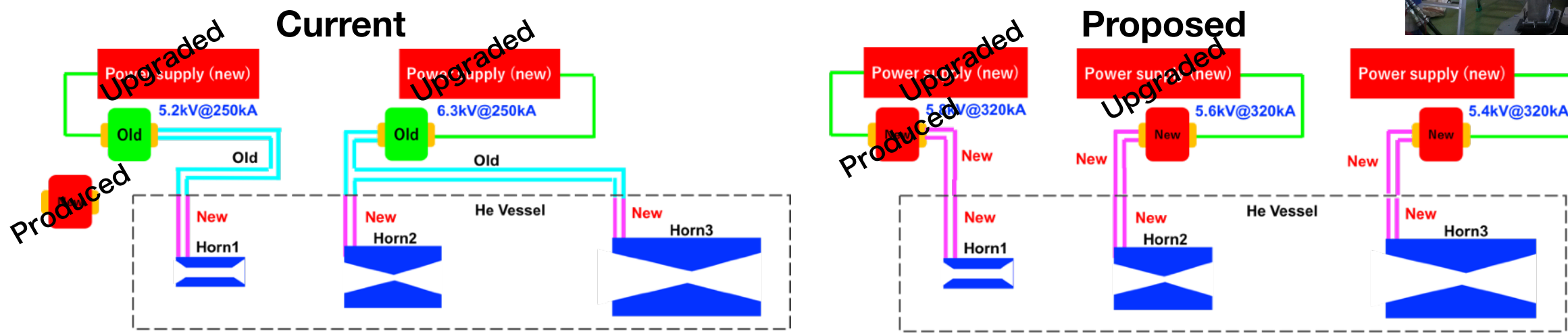


Stripline cooling improvement

- Higher He flow rate ($>750\text{kW}$) \Rightarrow He compressor upgrade
- Water-cooled striplines to developed for $>1.3\text{MW}$
 - R&D ongoing \Rightarrow to be implemented to horn by FY2020



Spare horn production is also important

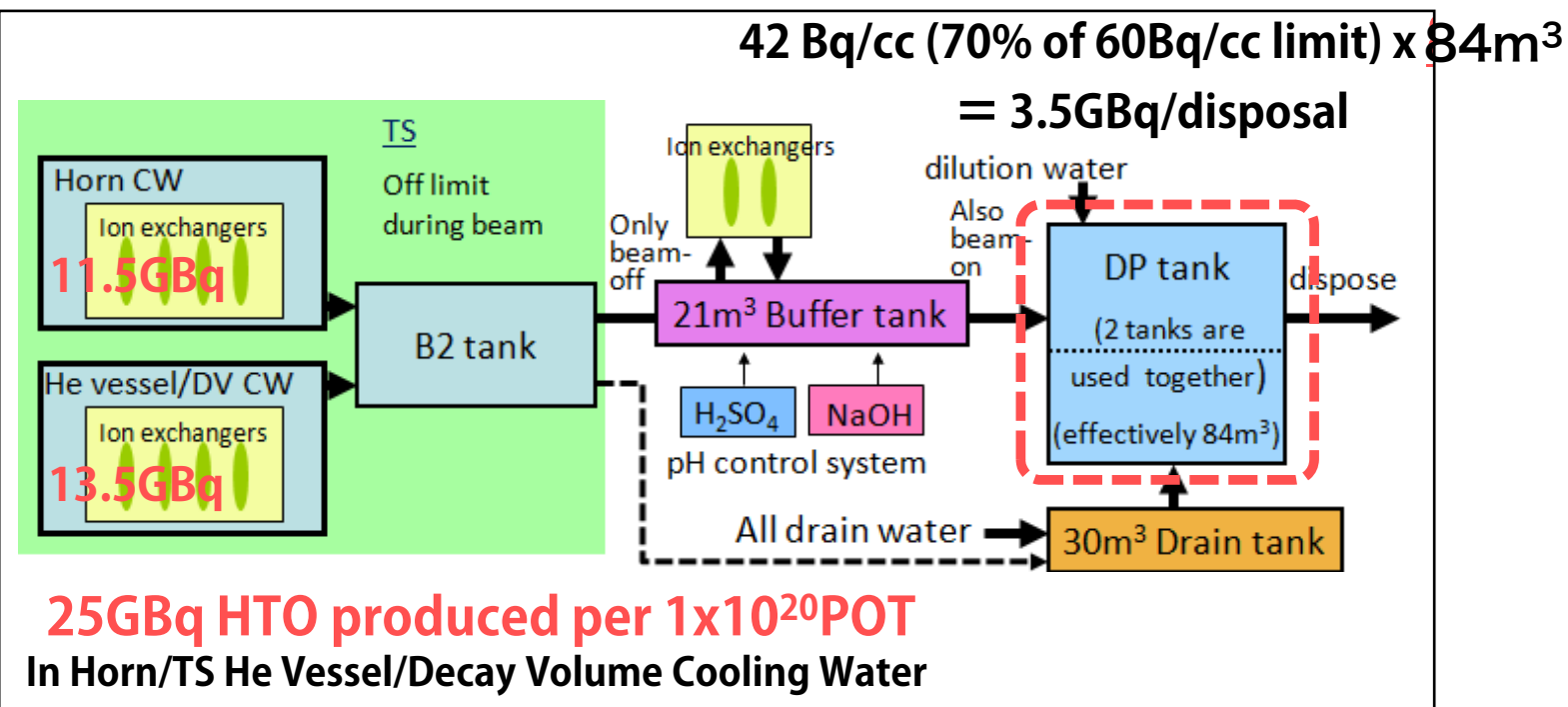


Radioactive water disposal

- ^3H (Tritium) → **dilution**, ^7Be → 99.9% removed by ion-exchange

HTO disposal by dilution

- Current dilution tanks (84m³) : **400kW** (8.4x10²⁰ POT/year) acceptable
- Toward >1.3MW, following will be adopted step by step
 - Increase disposal cycle** ⇒ needs some technical improvements
 - A portion of radioactive water is taken by **tanker truck**
 - Construct an **additional dilution tank** with O(200)m³, entailing construction of new dedicated building



- Secondary beamline

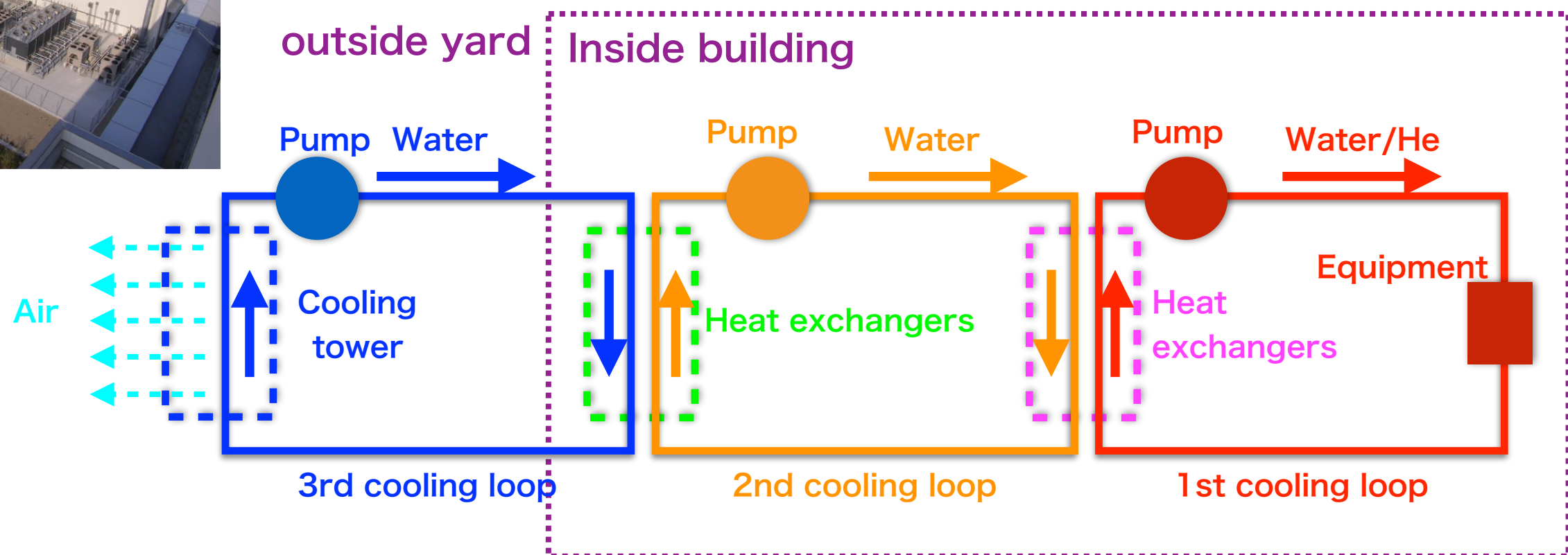
- Designed for 750kW → higher capacity needed for > 1.3MW

- Improvement

- Higher flow rate → replace with larger pumps
- Higher cooling capacity → larger heat exchangers/cooling tower



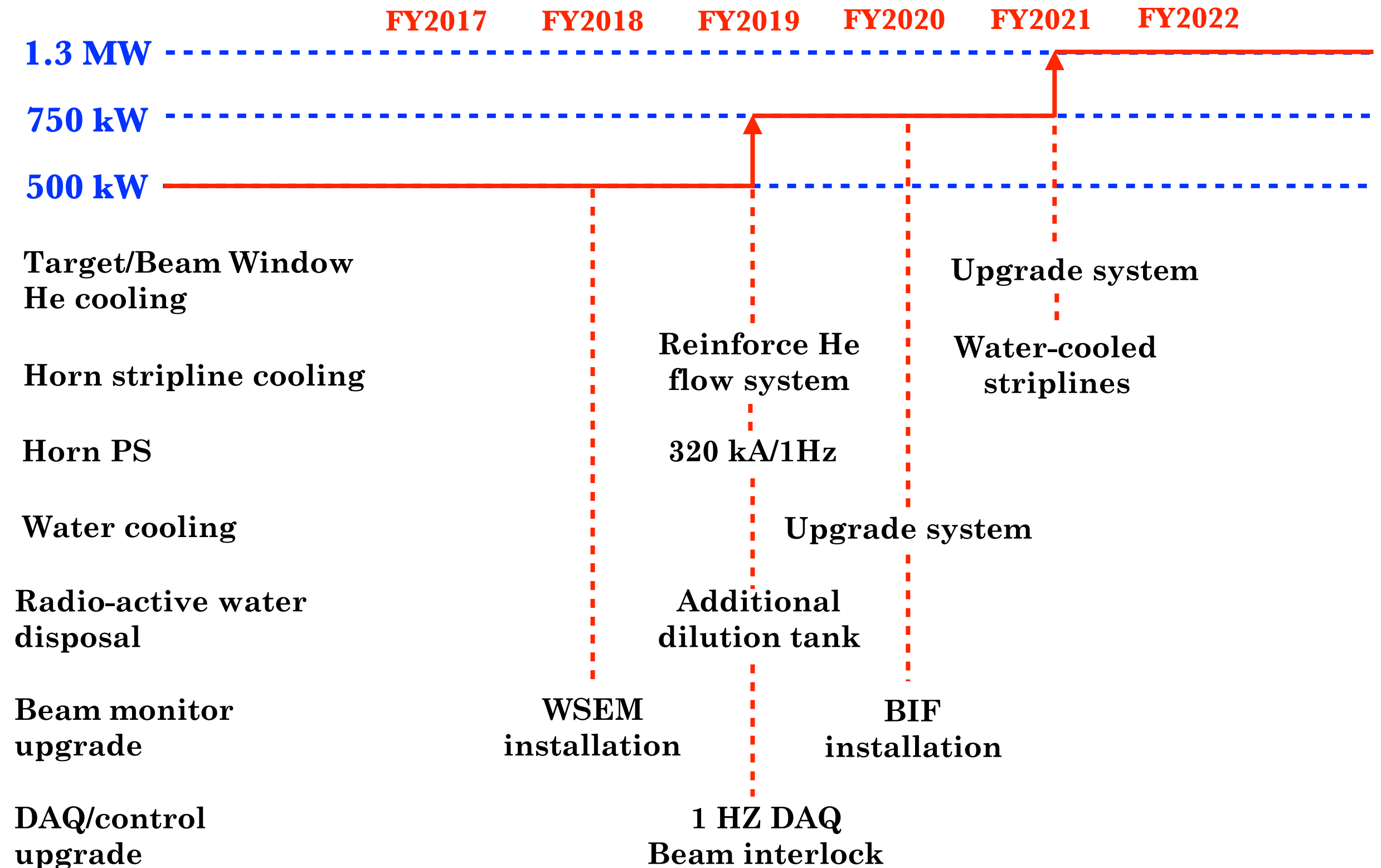
Detailed design is needed soon



Acceptable Beam Power

Component	Limiting factor	Current acceptable value	Upgraded acceptable value
Target/ Beam window	Thermal shock	3.3×10^{14} ppp	3.3×10^{14} ppp
	Cooling capacity	0.9MW	>1.5MW
Horn	Conductor cooling	2MW	2MW
	Stripline cooling	0.75MW	>3MW
	Hydrogen production	1MW	>1.5MW
	Operation	250kA, 2.48s	320kA, 1s
He Vessel	Thermal stress	4MW	4MW
	Cooling capacity	0.75MW	>1.5MW
Decay Volume	Thermal stress	4MW	4MW
	Cooling capacity	0.75MW	>1.5MW
Beam Dump	Oxidization	3MW	3MW
	Cooling capacity	0.75MW	>1.5MW
Radiation disposal	Radioactive air	>2MW	>2MW
	Radioactive water	0.4MW	>1.5MW

Timeline





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Summary

- Upgrade toward 1.3 MW
 - Accelerator upgrade
 - Higher rep. rate ($2.48\text{ s} \rightarrow 1.3\text{ s} \rightarrow 1.16\text{ s}$) : PS upgrade, RF upgrade
 - Higher intensity ($2.4 \times 10^{14}\text{ ppp} \rightarrow 3.2 \times 10^{14}\text{ ppp}$) : RF upgrade
 - Beamline upgrades
 - Beam monitor upgrade
 - Control/DAQ upgrade for higher rep. rate operation
 - Target upgrade
 - Horn current upgrade to 320kA
 - Higher cooling capacity for secondary beamline
 - Upgrade of radioactive water disposal