



# STATUS OF THE S-DALINAC WITH FOCUS ON ERL OPERATION

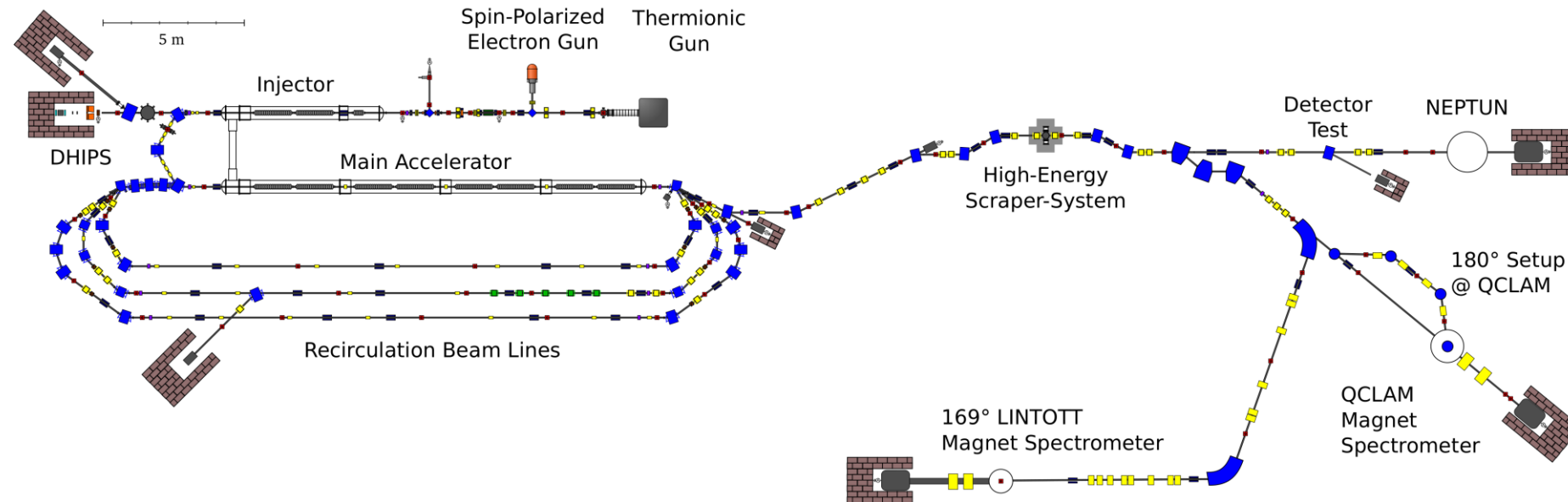
M. Arnold, A. Brauch, M. Dutine, J. Enders, R. Grewe, L. Jürgensen, M. Meier,  
F. S. Moujani Ghomi, N. Pietralla, F. Schliessmann, D. Schneider, A. Smushkin

# OUTLINE

- 1** Overview
- 2** One-turn ERL Operation
- 3** Two-turn ERL Operation
- 4** Three-turn ERL Study
- 5** Experiment: Laser Compton Backscattering
- 6** Summary

# S-DALINAC

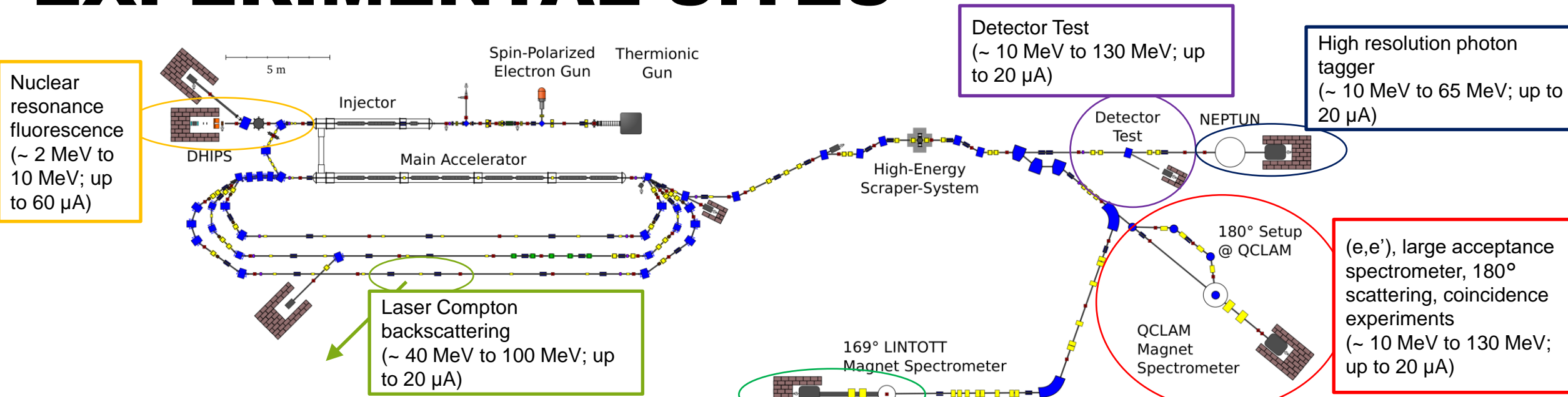
## SUPERCONDUCTING DARMSTADT LINEAR ACCELERATOR



- **Design (extracted beam):** 130 MeV, 20  $\mu\text{A}$
- **Design (NRF):** 10 MeV, 60  $\mu\text{A}$
- **Particles:** electrons
- **Rep. rate:** 2.9973 GHz, cw
- In operation since 1991, modified, improved and operated mainly by students

[Virtual tour](#) (click here, bottom of page)

# EXPERIMENTAL SITES



Nuclear resonance fluorescence  
(~ 2 MeV to 10 MeV; up to 60  $\mu$ A)

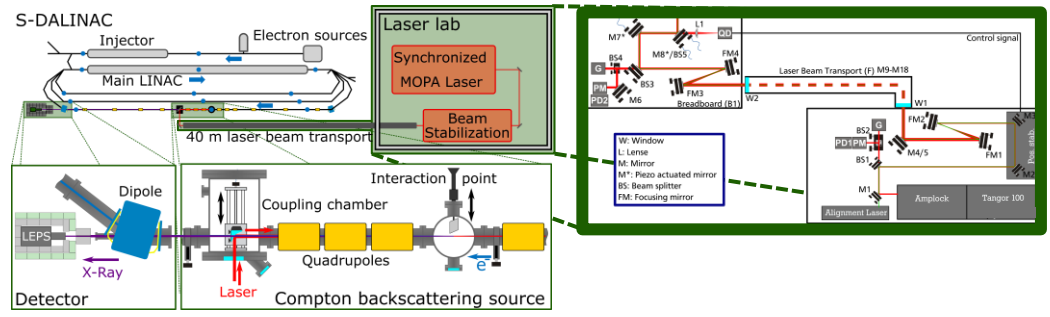
Detector Test  
(~ 10 MeV to 130 MeV; up to 20  $\mu$ A)

High resolution photon tagger  
(~ 10 MeV to 65 MeV; up to 20  $\mu$ A)

Laser Compton backscattering  
(~ 40 MeV to 100 MeV; up to 20  $\mu$ A)

(e,e'), high-resolution spectrometer  
(~ 10 MeV to 130 MeV; up to 20  $\mu$ A)

(e,e'), large acceptance spectrometer, 180° scattering, coincidence experiments  
(~ 10 MeV to 130 MeV; up to 20  $\mu$ A)



## QCLAM special setups

- 180°
- (e,e' $\gamma$ )
- sLHe-target
- Electrofission (in prep.)



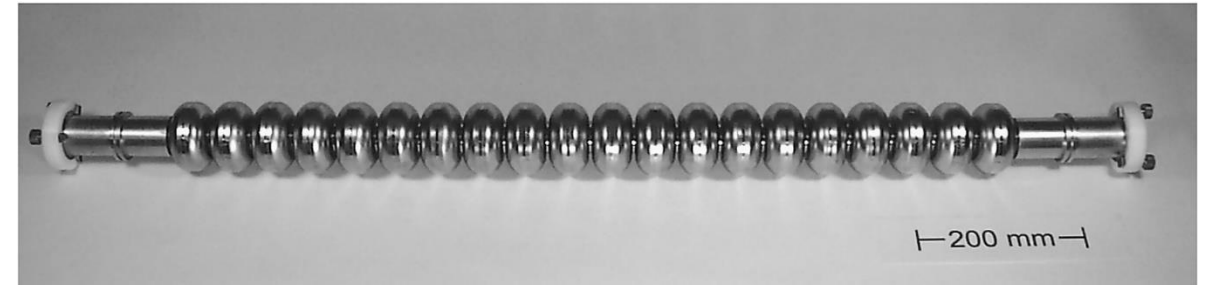
# PARAMETERS SRF AND ERL

## SRF injector

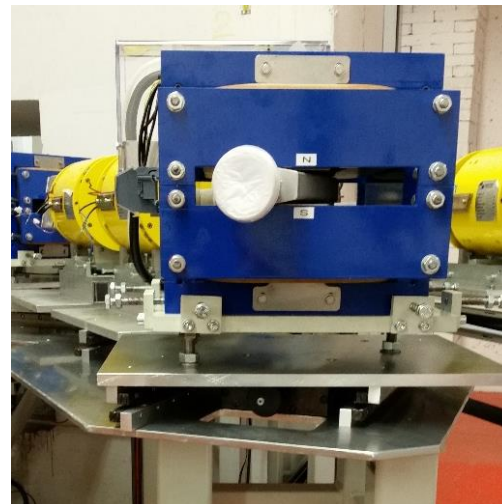
- 1x 6-cell ( $\beta=0.86$ )  
as capture
- 2x 20-cell ( $\beta=1$ )

## SRF main linac

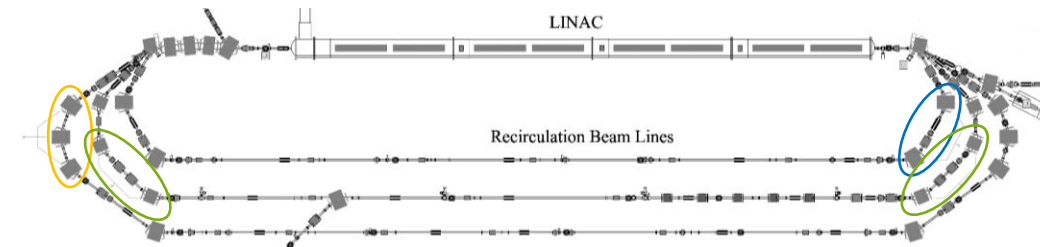
- 8x 20-cell  
( $\beta=1$ )



- 360° path length adjustment system in second recirculation → ERL mode
- 265° for first recirculation
- ~ 360° for third recirculation
- Bunch length important for every setting



$f = 2.9973 \text{ GHz}$



# OVERVIEW OPERATION MODES/COMMISSIONING

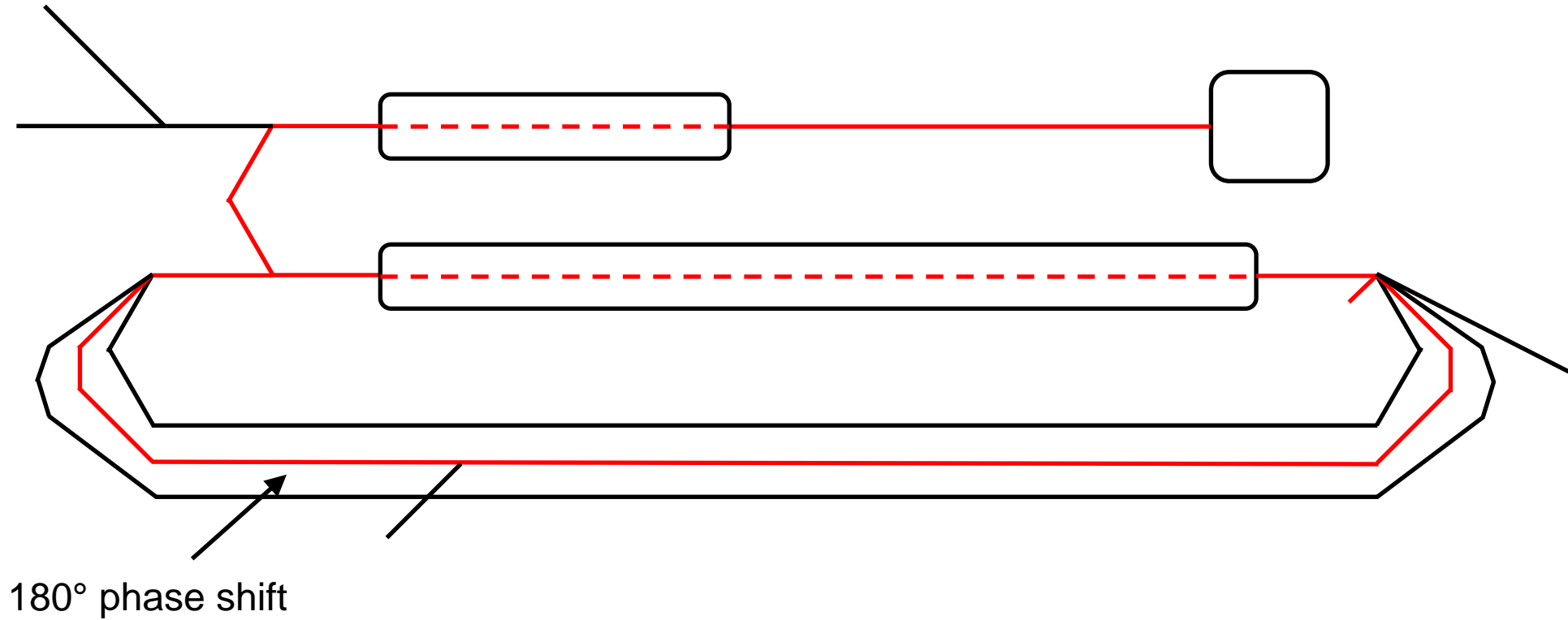
- Modification lattice 2015/2016
- Commissioning of modes followed beam time schedule



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# ONE-TURN ERL





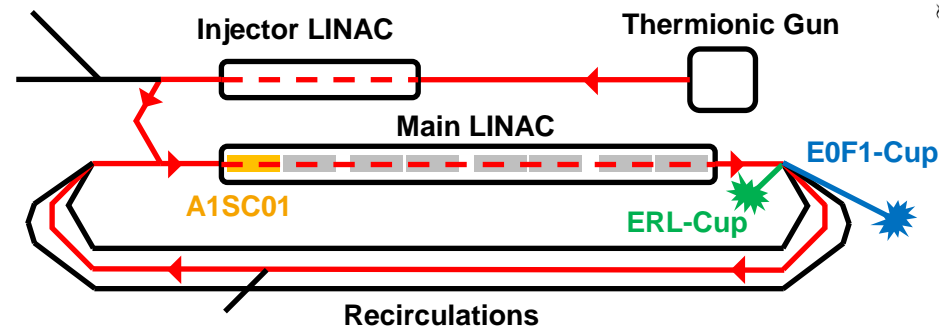
# ONE-TURN ERL

Operation mode	Load at A1SC01 (W)
No Beam	$0.00 \pm 0.01$
One Beam (acc.)	$4.51 \pm 0.16$
ERL (acc. + dec.)	$0.45 \pm 0.03$
Two Beams (acc. + acc.)	$8.59 \pm 0.01$

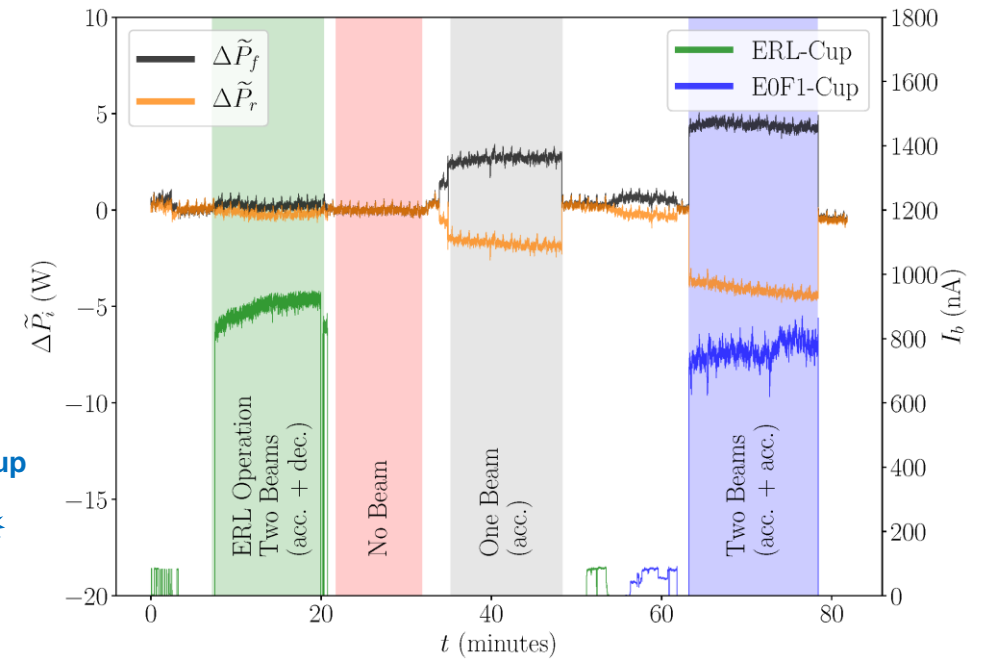
$E_{\text{kin injection}} = 2.5 \text{ MeV}$

$\Delta E_{\text{Main LINAC}} = 20 \text{ MeV}$

$I_{\text{initial}} = 1.2 \mu\text{A}$



$$\eta_{\text{A1SC01}} = \frac{P_{\text{b,A1SC01,1x acc.}} - P_{\text{b,A1SC01,1x ERL}}}{P_{\text{b,A1SC01,1x acc.}}} = (90.1 \pm 0.3) \%$$

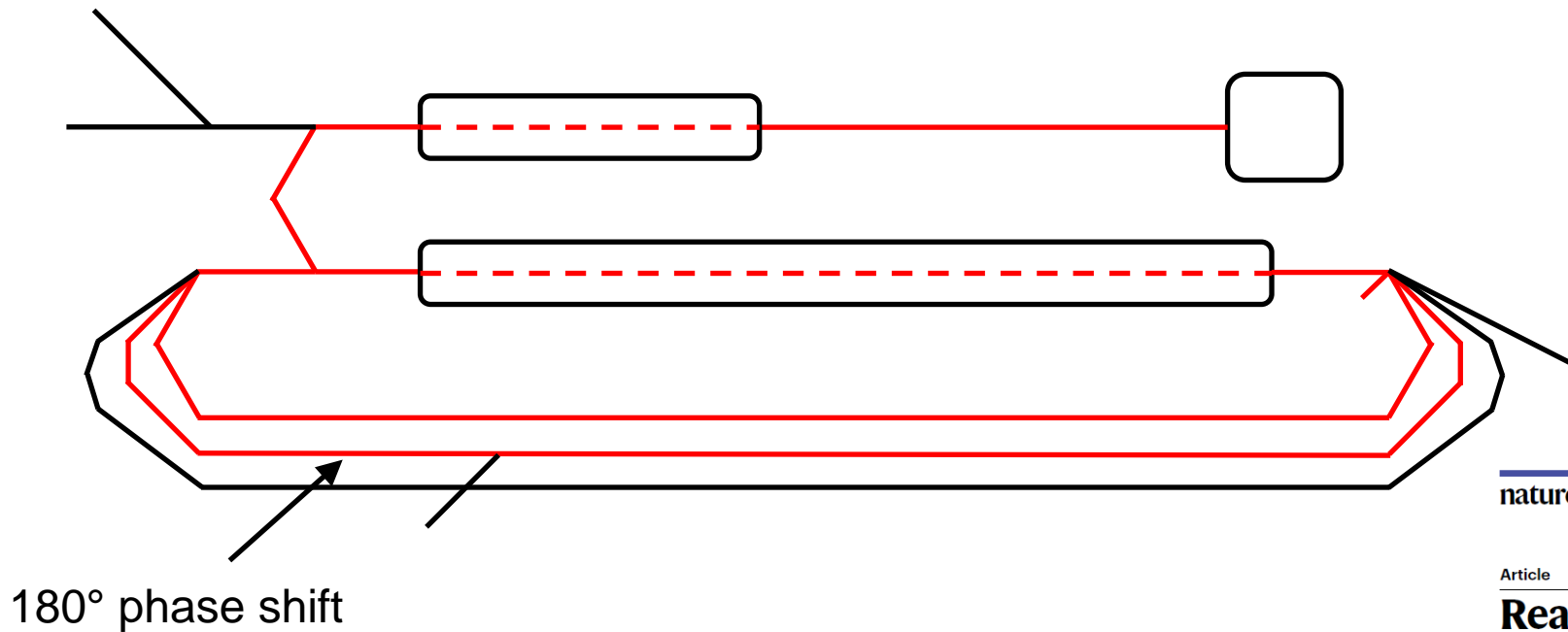


M. Arnold et al., Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams **23**, 020101 (2020).

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# TWO-TURN ERL



nature physics

Article











<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41567-022-01856-w>

## Realization of a multi-turn energy recovery accelerator

Received: 28 March 2022

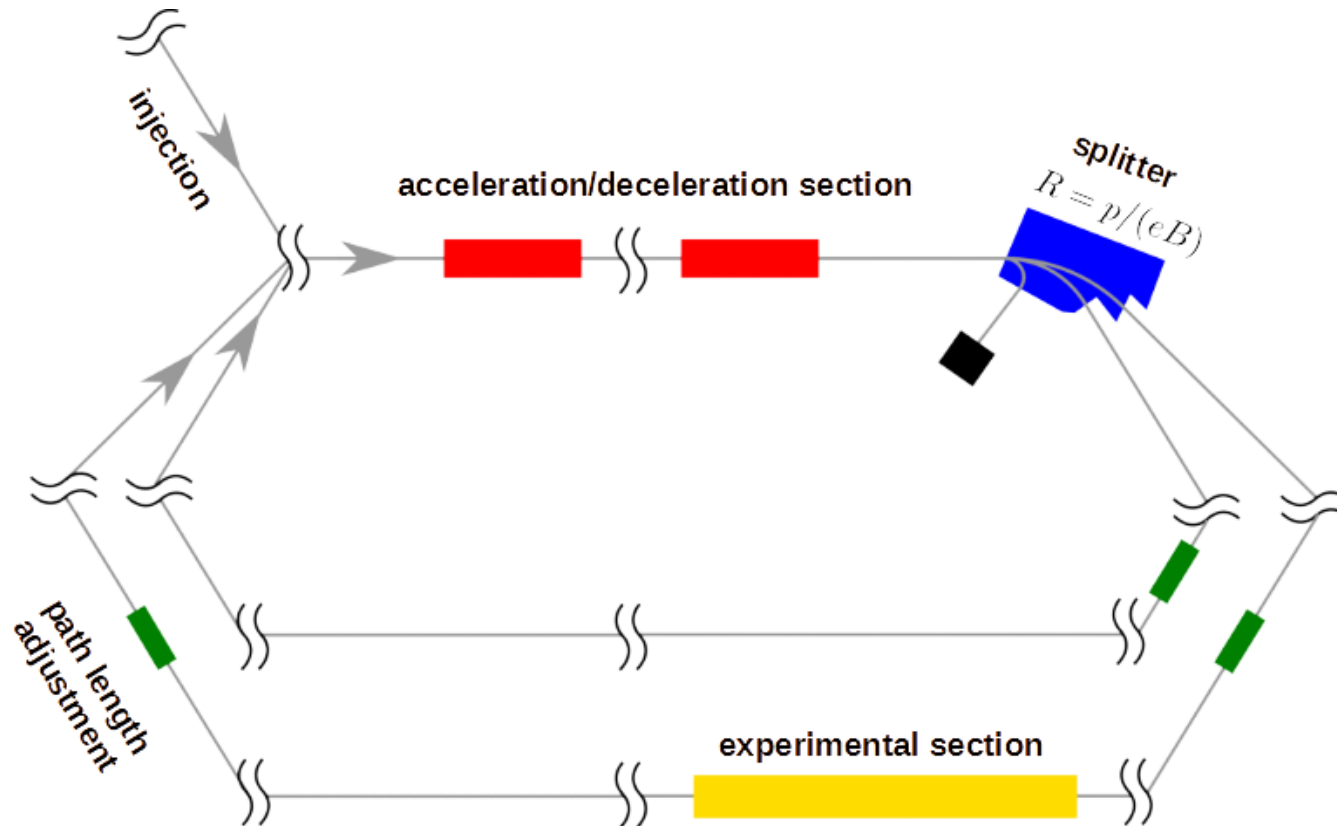
Accepted: 26 October 2022

Published online: 26 January 2023

Felix Schliessmann , Michaela Arnold , Lars Juergensen ,  
Norbert Pietralla , Manuel Dutine , Marco Fischer , Ruben Grewe ,  
Manuel Steinhorst , Lennart Stobbe  & Simon Weih 

# CHALLENGES

Concept based on: R. Koscica et al., Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams **22**, 091602 (2019)

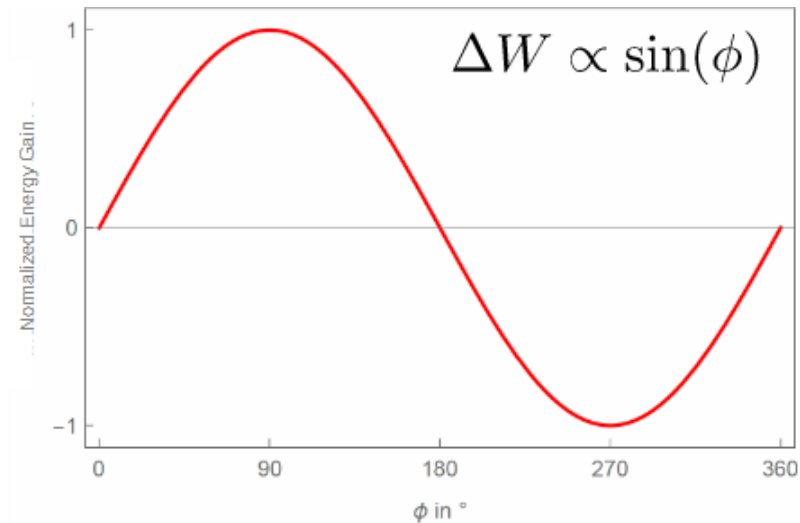


- Objective functions result from
- Splitter magnet ratio:
- $p_I : p_F : p_S = 1 : 4.73 : 8.32$

Degrees of freedom:  
 $\vec{A}, \vec{\phi}, \vec{L}, \vec{R}_{56}$

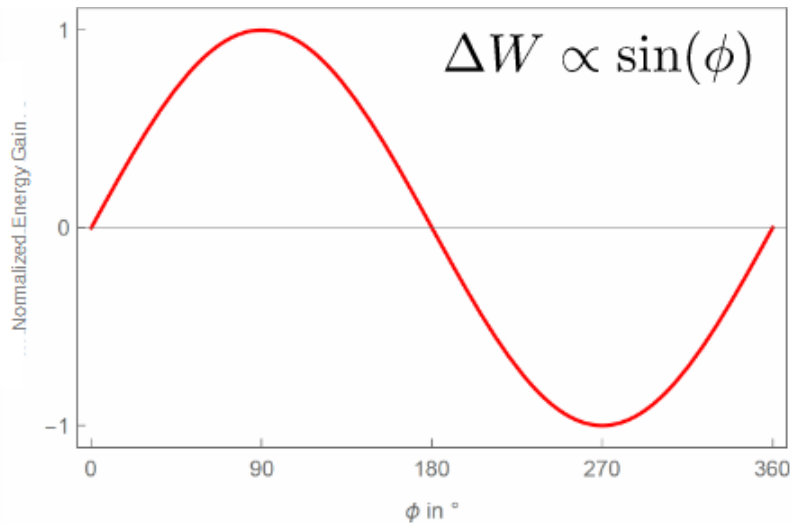
# REMINDER: PHASE SLIPPAGE

Simplified model of energy gain

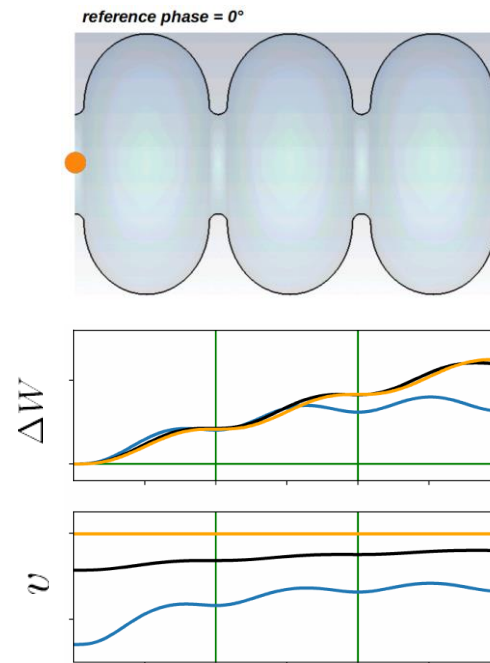


# REMINDER: PHASE SLIPPAGE

## Simplified model of energy gain

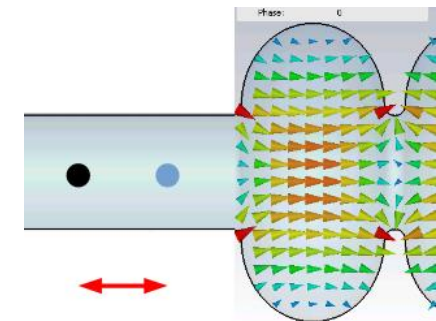


## More complex model of energy gain



Speed changes along the cavity

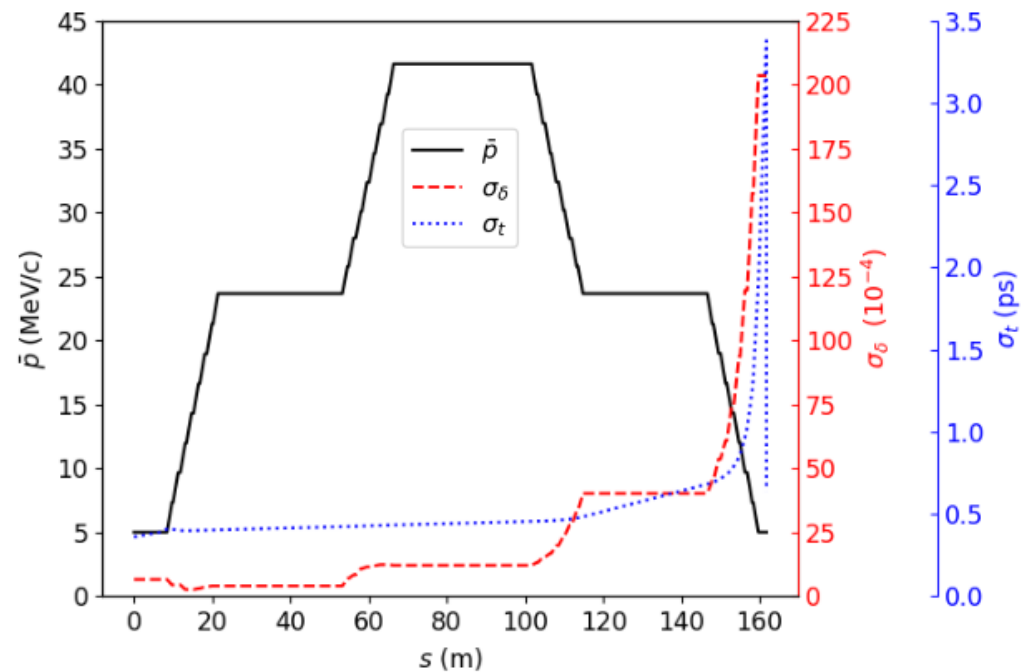
- ➔ Influences interaction with alternating electric field
- ➔ Numerical simulations required





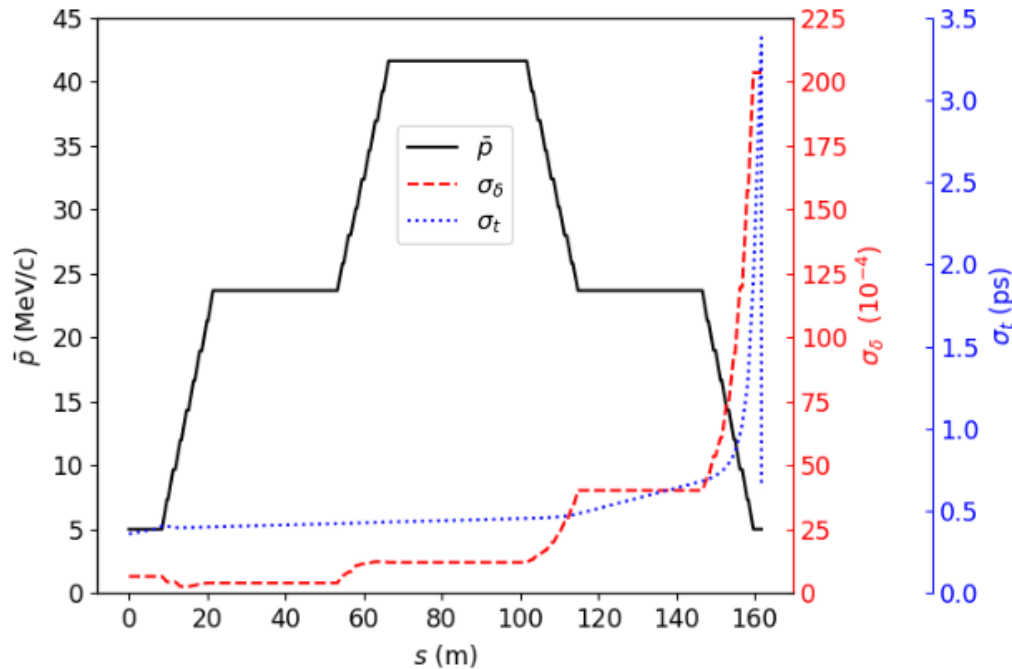
# SOLUTION FOR LONGITUDINAL QUANTITIES

For min. deviation  
from target momenta

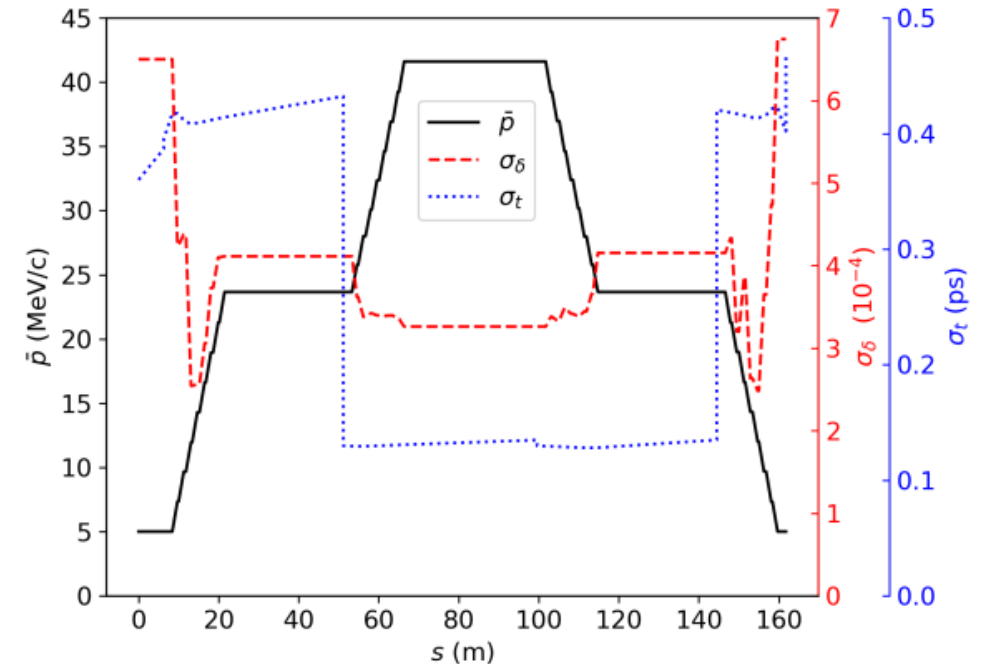


# SOLUTION FOR LONGITUDINAL QUANTITIES

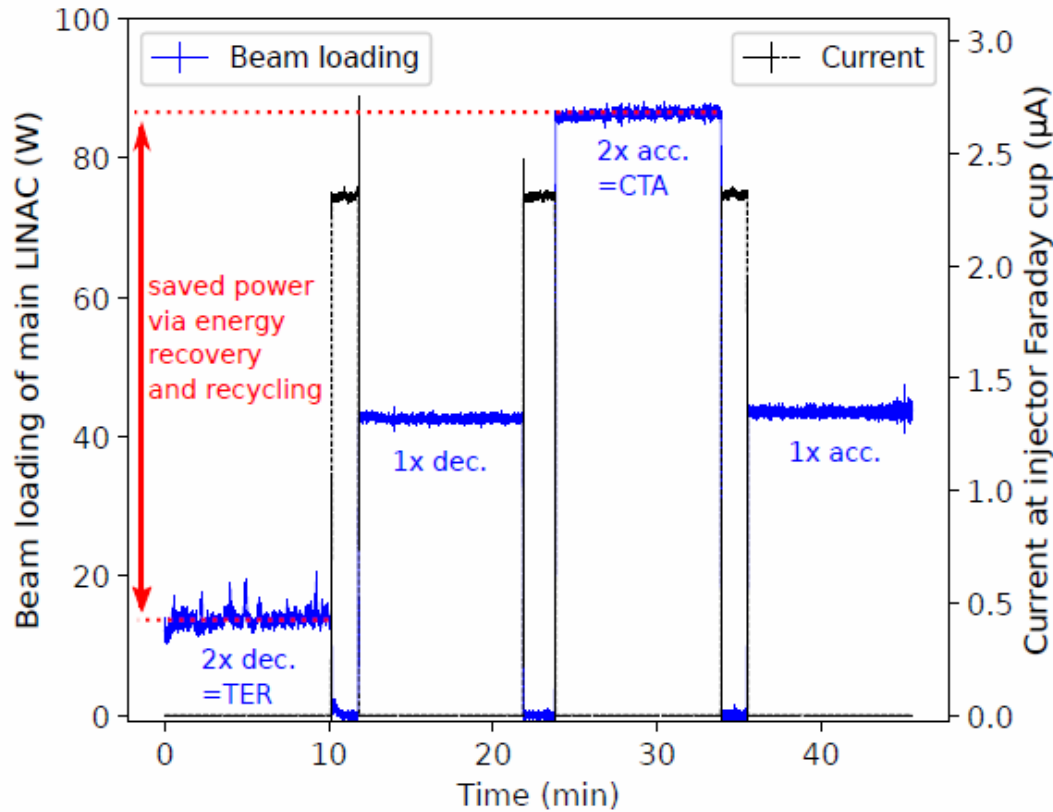
For min. deviation  
from target momenta



For min. deviation  
from target momenta **and** min.  
momentum spread



# TWO-TURN ERL MODE



- Momentum injector: 5 MeV/c
- Max. Momentum ERL: 41.61 MeV/c

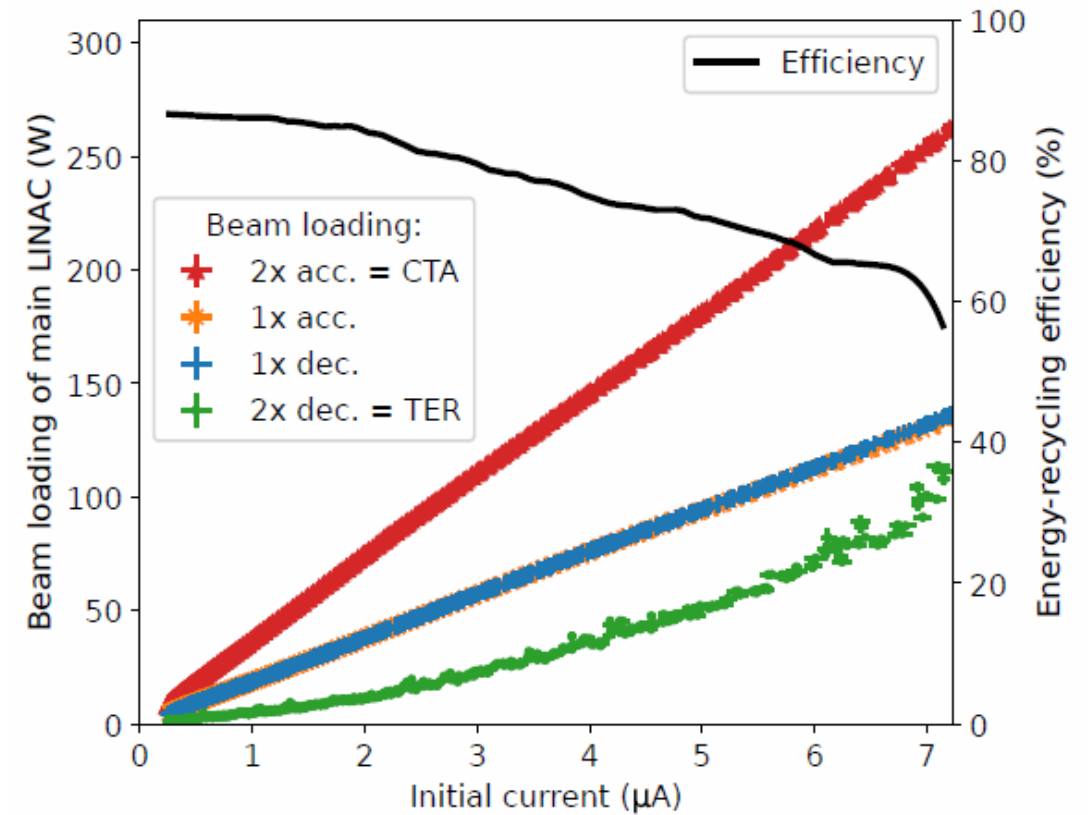
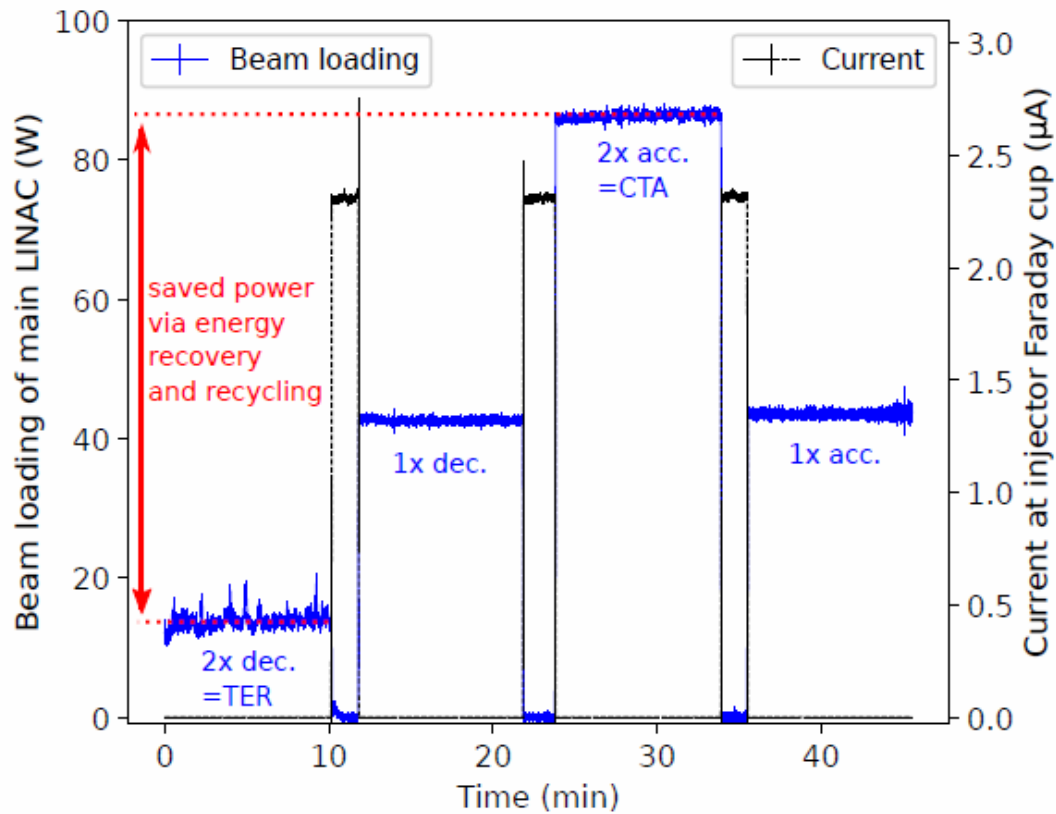
Operation mode	Load at main LINAC (W)
1x acc.	43.5 ± 0.2
2x acc.	86.3 ± 0.3
1x dec.	42.6 ± 0.2
2x dec.	13.8 ± 1.1

Energy-recycling efficiency:

$$\eta_{\text{main LINAC}} = \frac{P_{\text{b,main LINAC,2x acc.}} - P_{\text{b,main LINAC,2x ERL}}}{P_{\text{b,main LINAC,2x acc.}}} = (84.0 \pm 1.2) \%$$

F. Schliessmann et al., Nat. Phys. **19**, 597-602 (2023).

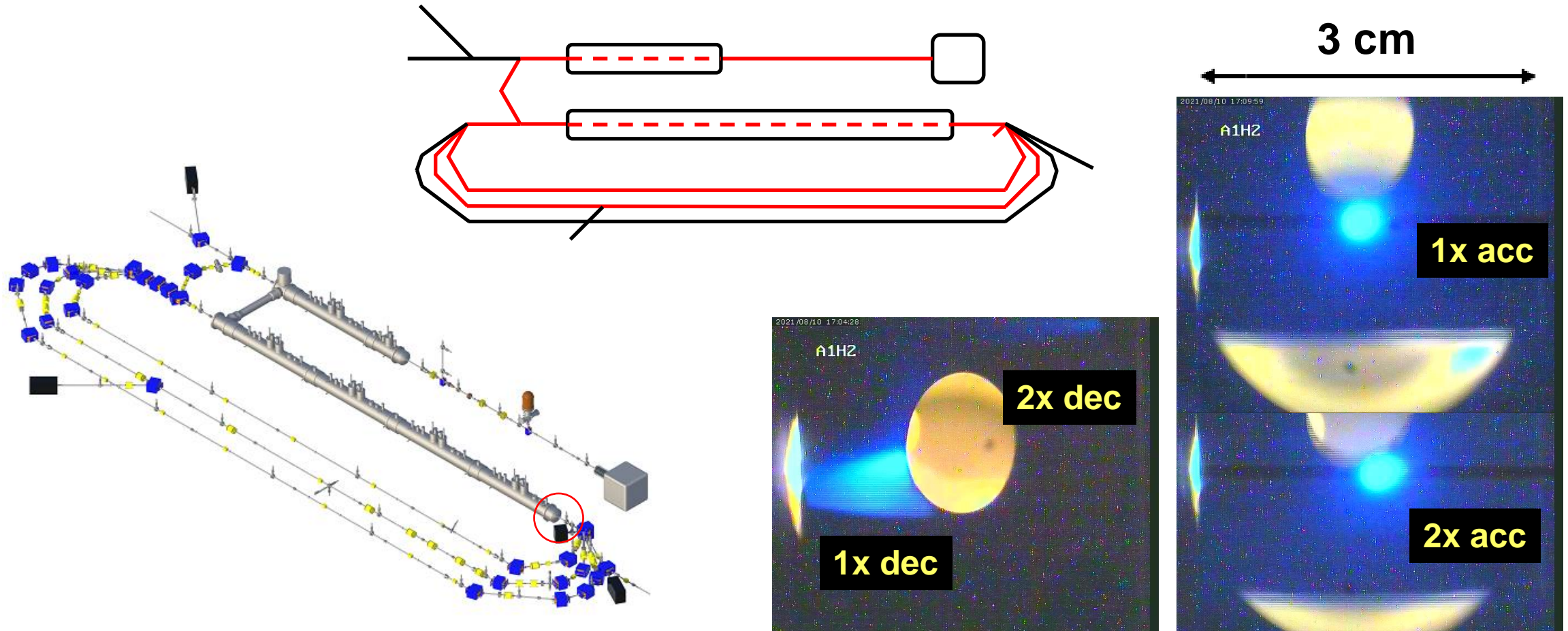
# TWO-TURN ERL MODE



$$\max(\eta_{\text{main LINAC}}) \approx 87\%$$

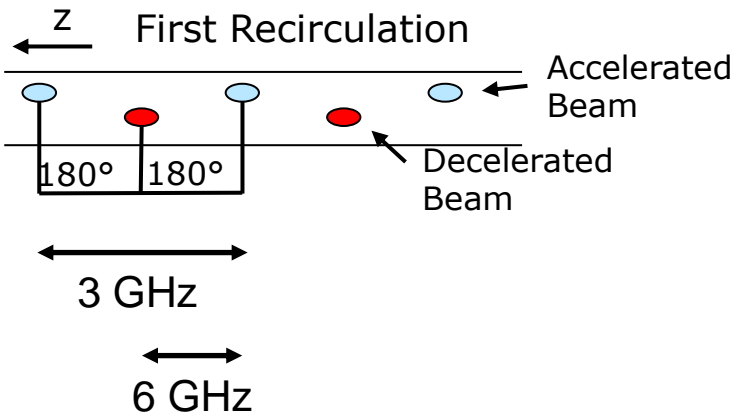
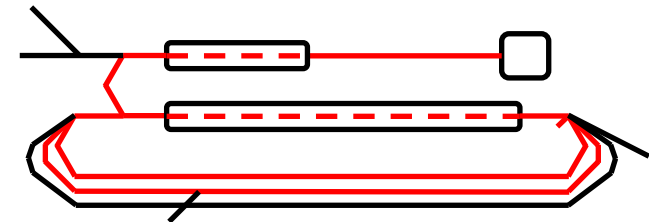
F. Schliessmann et al., Nat. Phys. **19**, 597-602 (2023).

# LIMITS OF TRANSVERSE TUNING



# INSTRUMENTATION OF SUPERIMPOSING BEAMS

See talk by Manuel Dutine  
(Tue, 17:20)

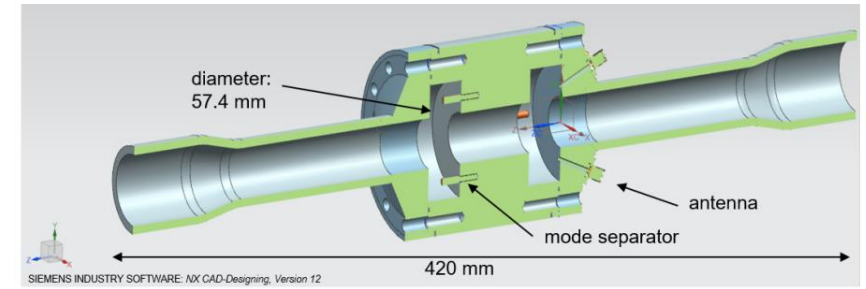


- (Non-)destructive position measurement for both beams simultaneously

M. Dutine et al., Proc. of IPAC 2022, p. 254-256 (2022).

## Options

- RF beam loading
- Screen with hole
- Beam loss monitors
- Wire scanner
- 6 GHz cavity BPM (double of fundamental frequency)
- 3 GHz cavity BPM in combination with bunch trains

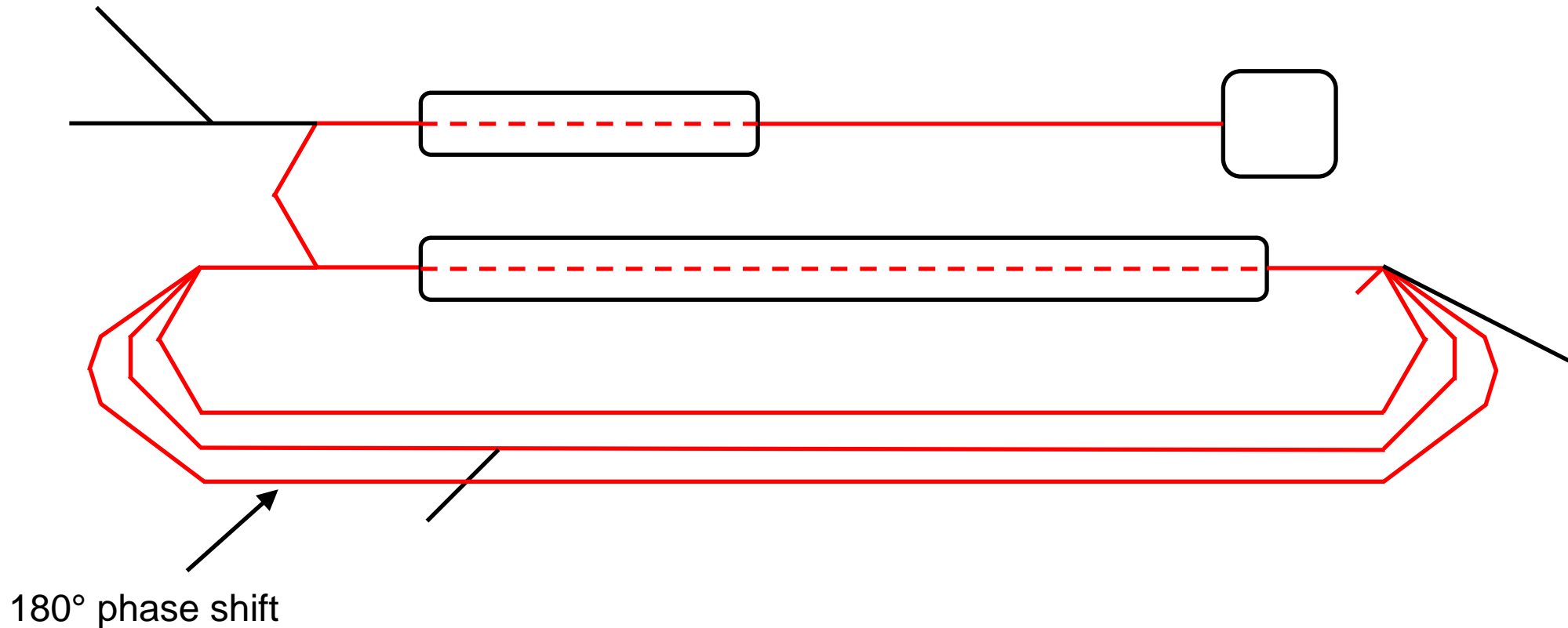




# OUTLINE

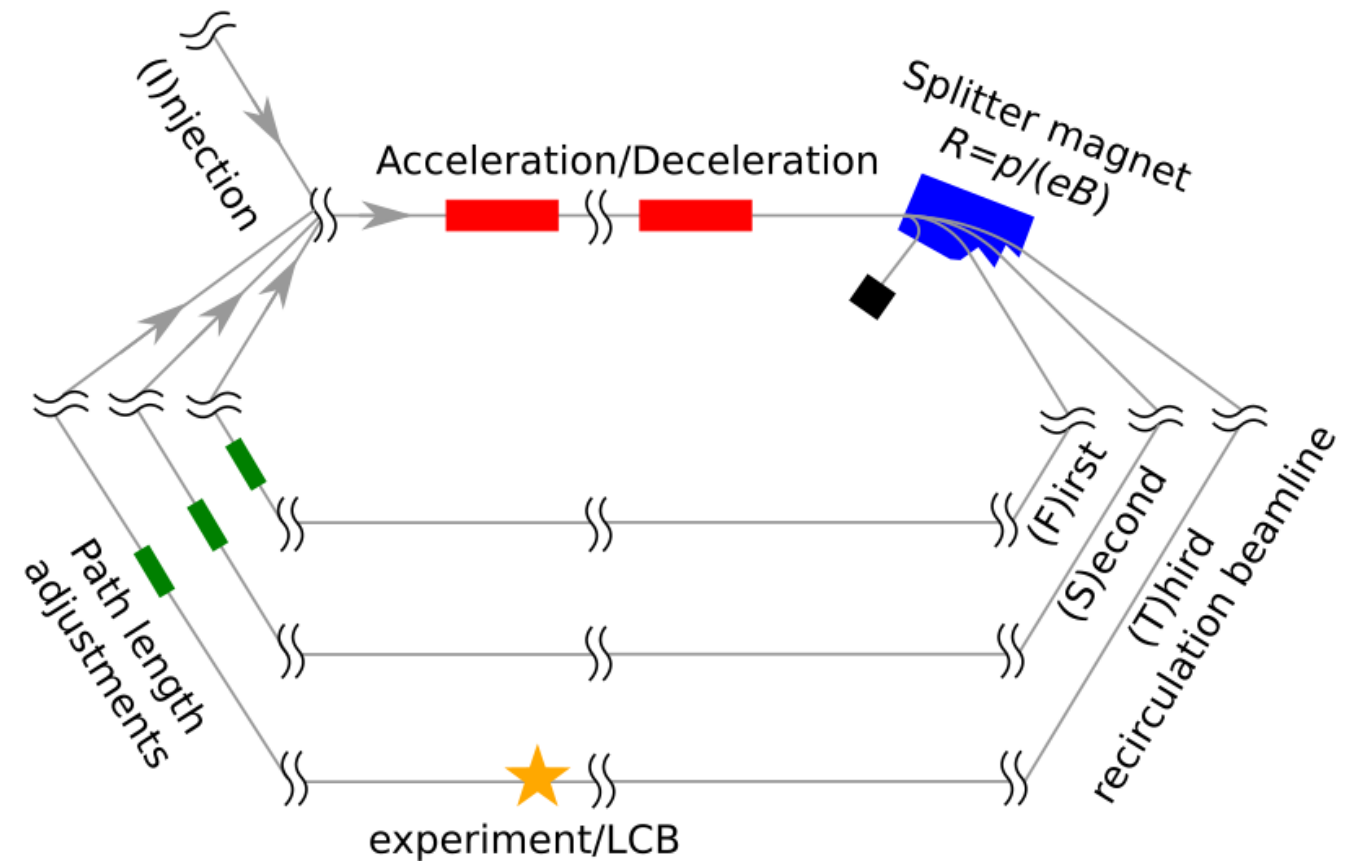
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# THREE-TURN ERL



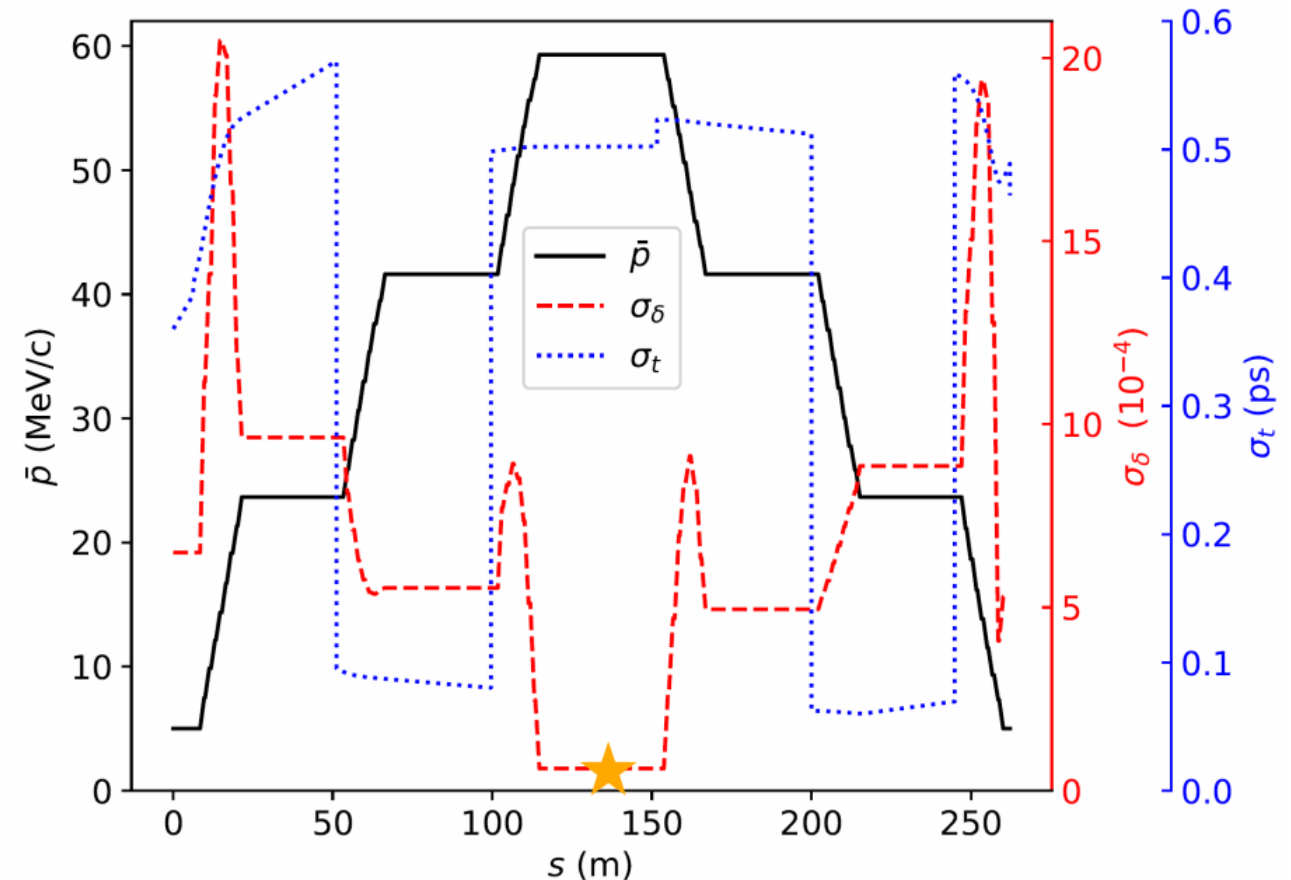
# CHALLENGE

- The higher the turn number, the less degrees of freedom  
→ Objective functions result from splitter-magnet ratios
- Presence of phase slippage due to small injection momentum of 5 MeV/c  
=> Setup must be precisely determined in advance via simulations



# SIMULATION RESULTS

- Target centroid momenta reached with accuracy of  $\pm 1$  eV/c
- Reduced momentum spread compared to injection
- First longitudinal study successful
- Further improvements and transversal simulations will follow



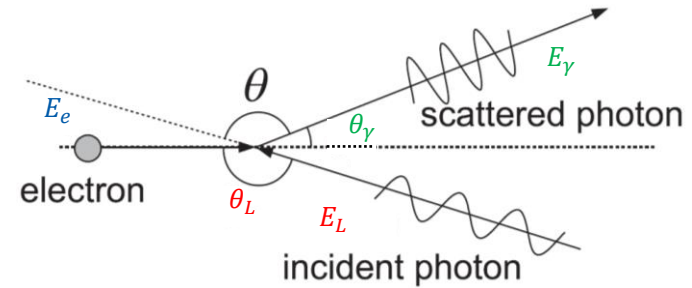
F. Schliessmann et al., Proc. IPAC 2023 (2023) 2143-2146.

# OUTLINE

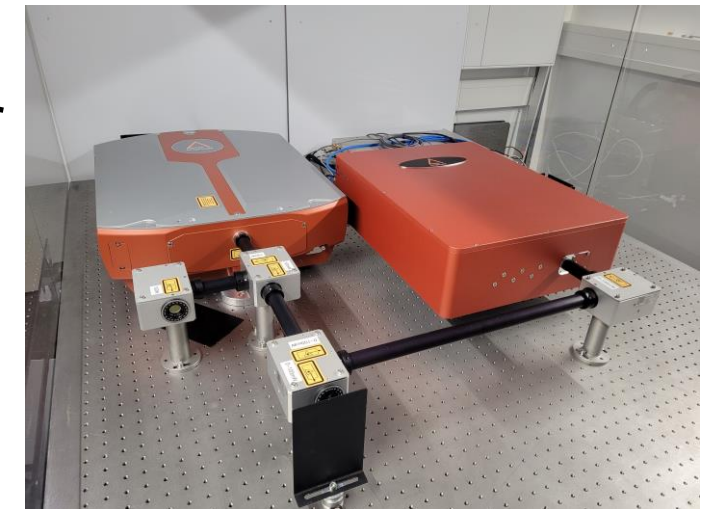
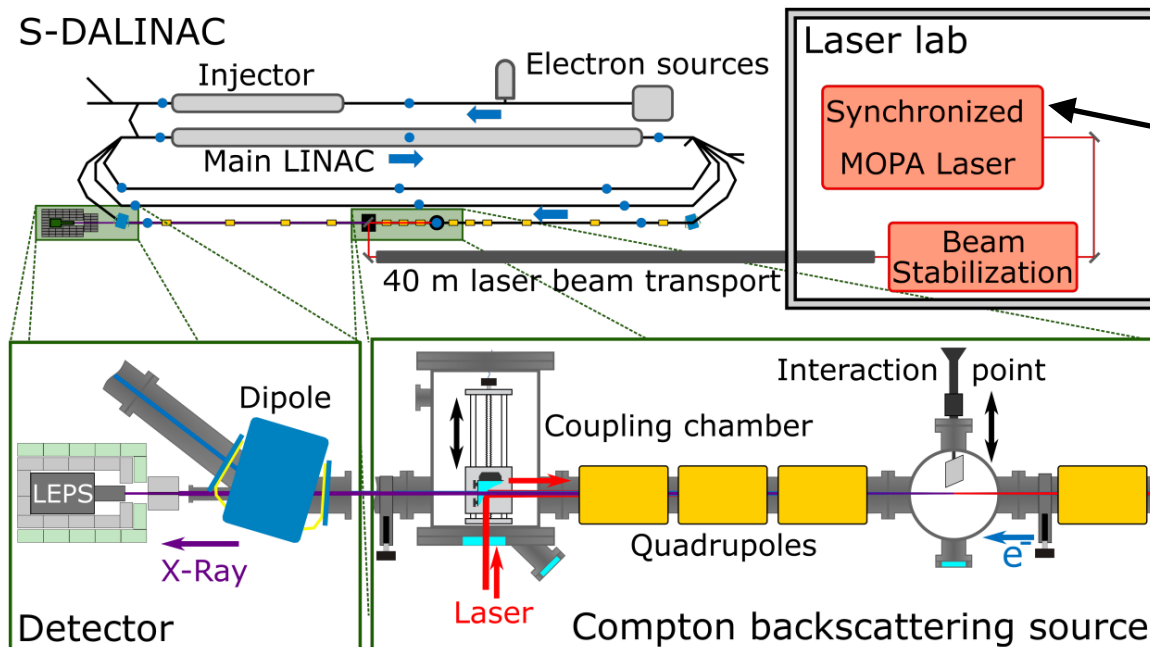
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# LAYOUT

Implementation of a Laser Compton Backscattering Source at the S-DALINAC:  
COBRA



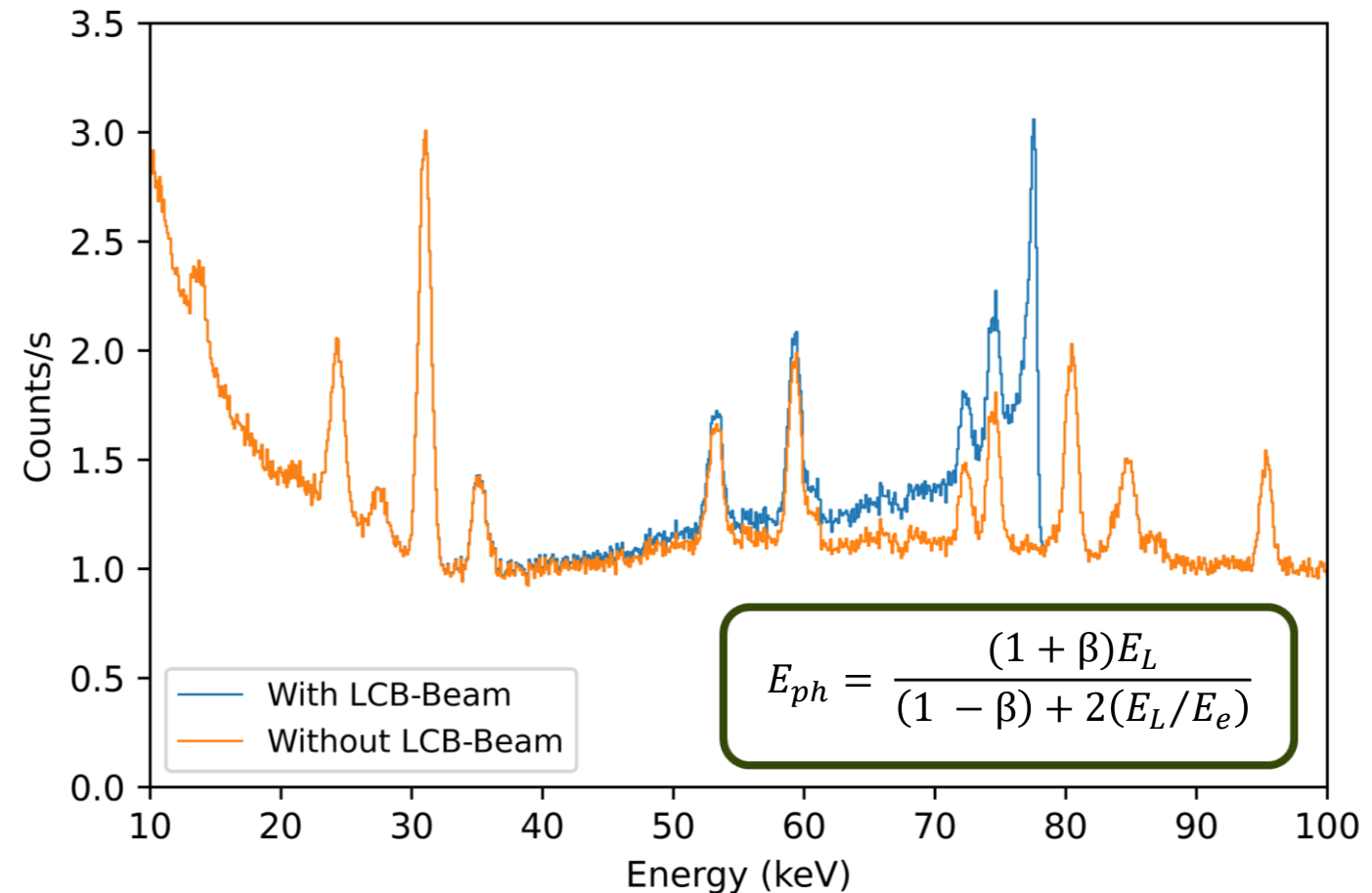
$$E_{ph}^{max} = 4\gamma^2 E_L$$





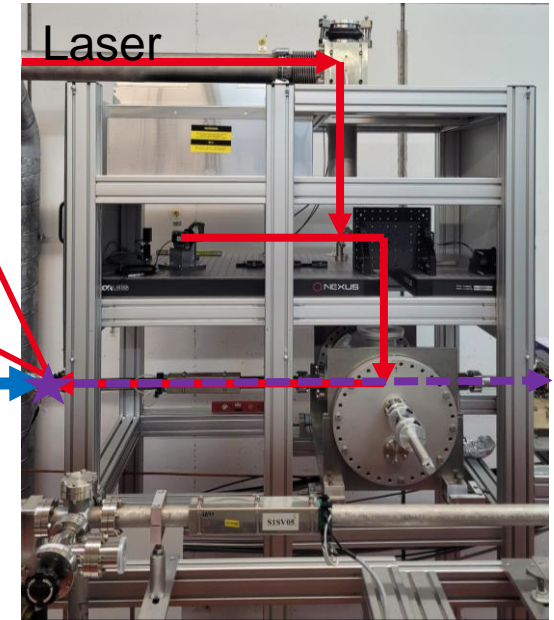
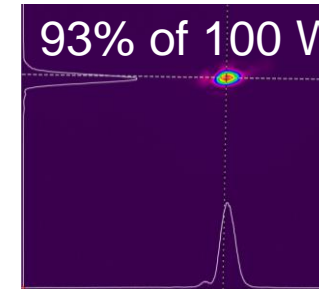
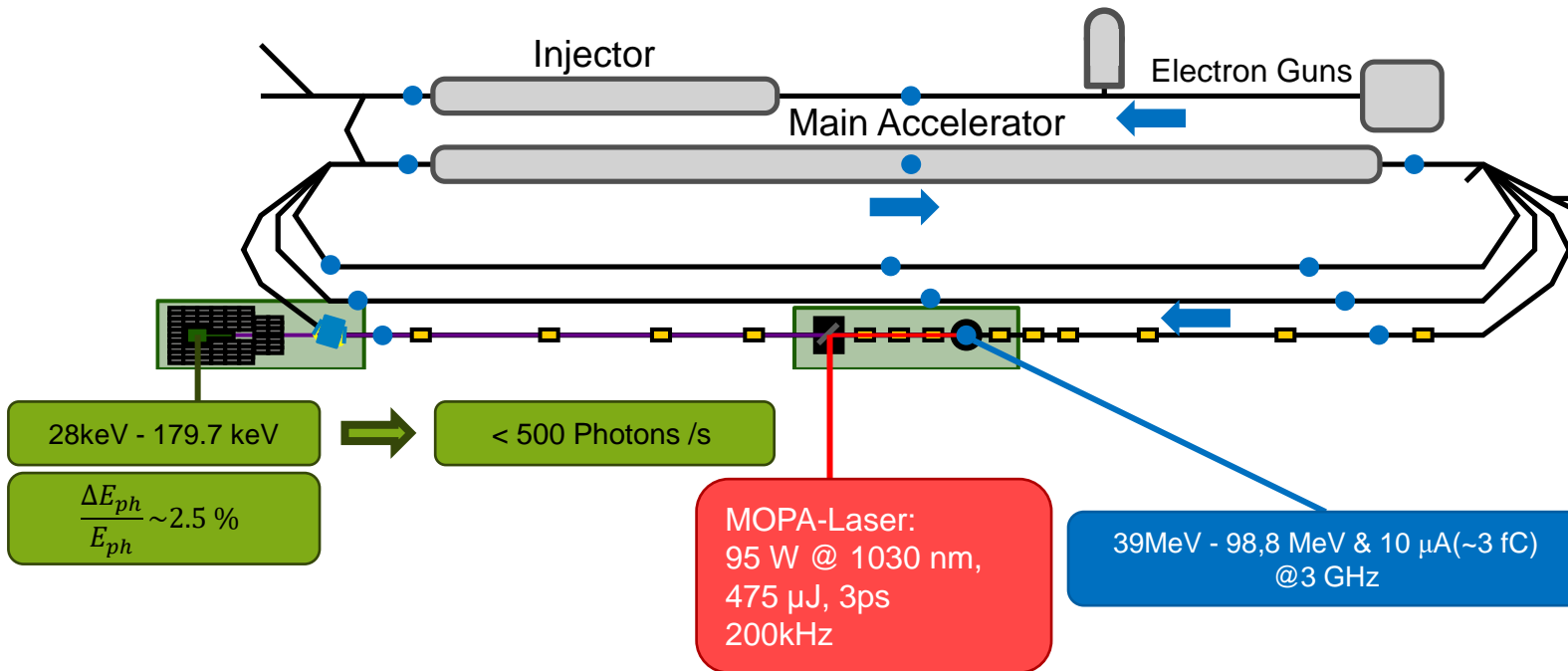
# DIAGNOSTICS TOOL AND BACKGROUND MEASUREMENT

- Determination of electron energy and energy spread
  - Future live use in the ERL mode of the S-DALINAC
  - Measurement with electron beam: 65 MeV @ IP (85 MeV max.), 5  $\mu$ A
  - Simulation with laser: 100W@1030 nm
- LCB: 77.8 keV



# STATUS

- Example parameters for collision

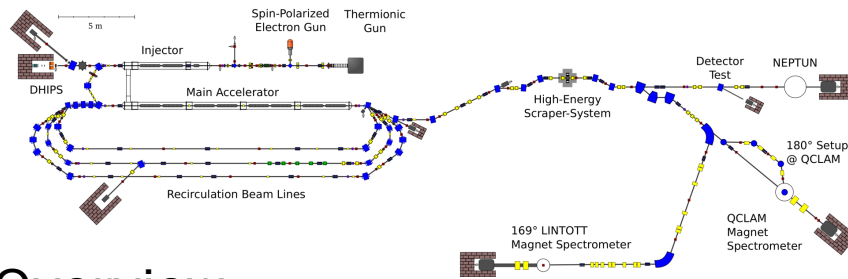


- Commissioning of collision planned for 2025

# OUTLINE

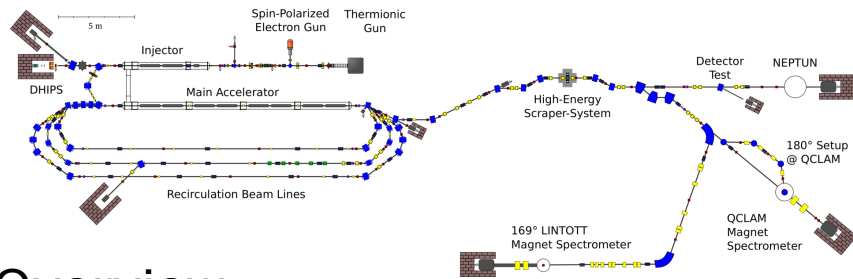
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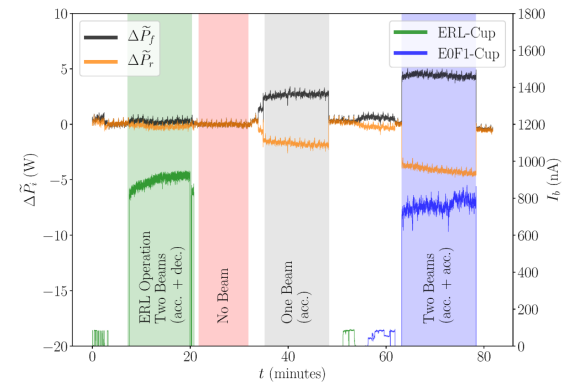


Overview

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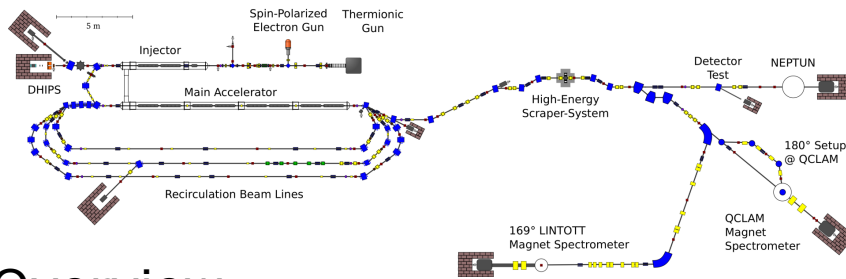


Overview

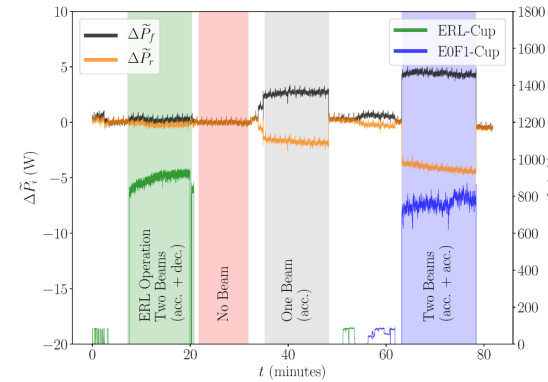


One-turn ERL operation

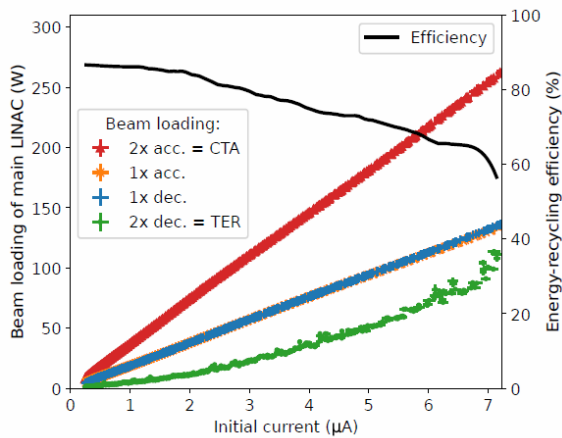
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Overview

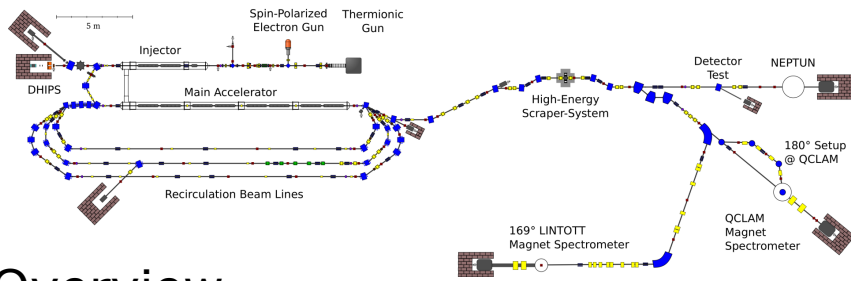


One-turn ERL operation

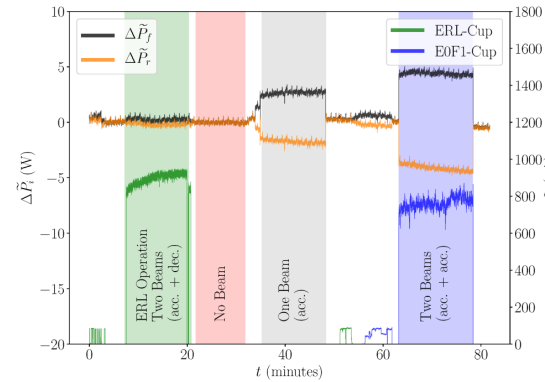


Two-turn ERL operation

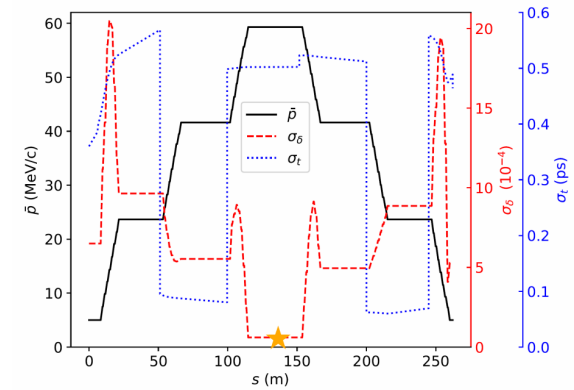
# TAKE HOME MESSAGE



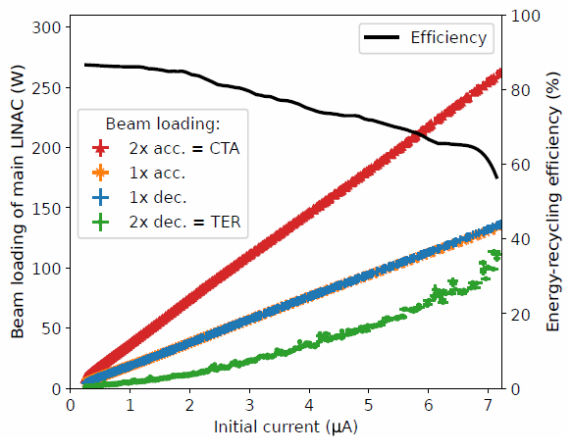
Overview



One-turn ERL operation



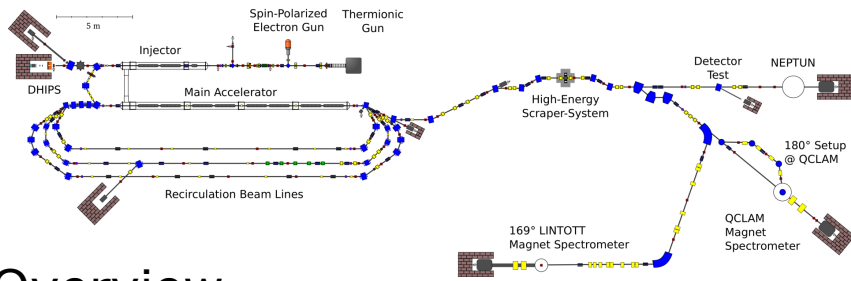
Three-turn ERL study



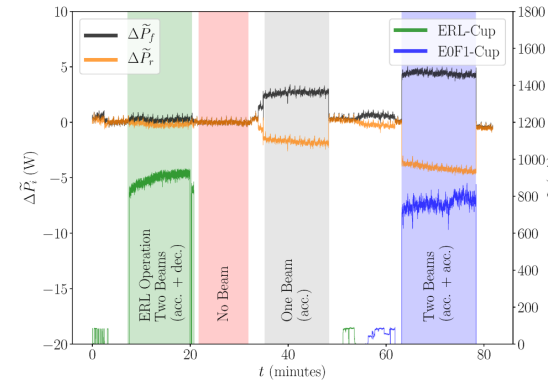
Two-turn ERL operation



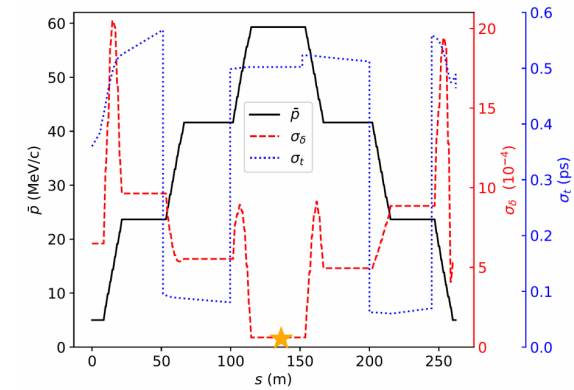
# TAKE HOME MESSAGE



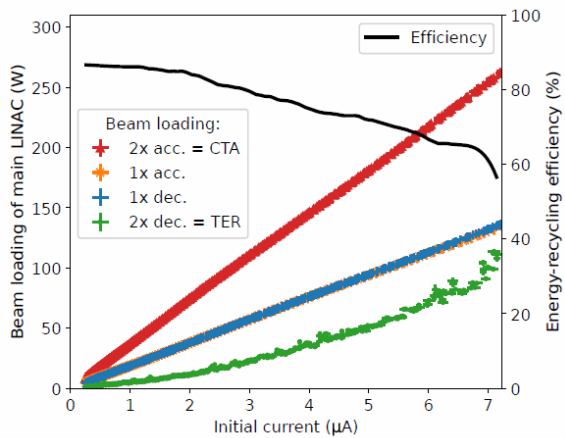
Overview



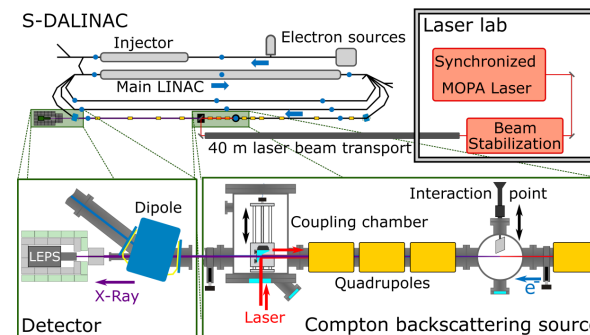
One-turn ERL operation



Three-turn ERL study



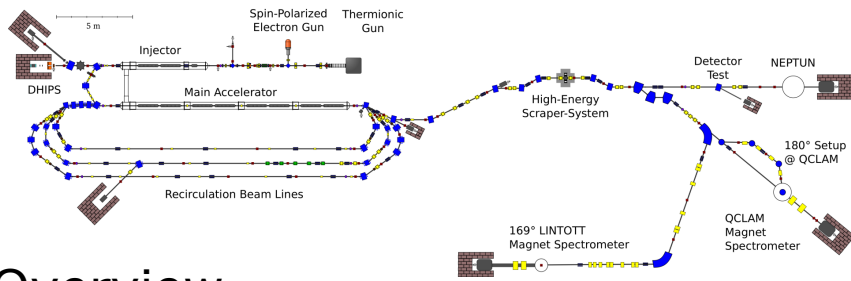
Two-turn ERL operation



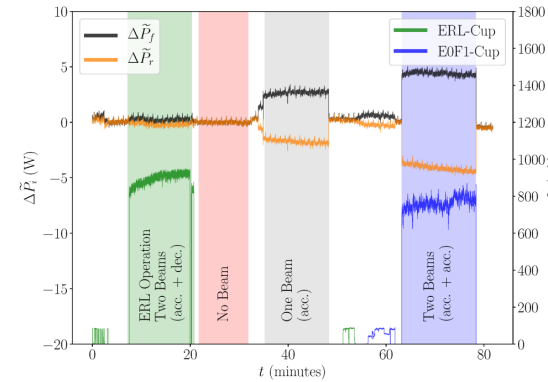
Experiment: Laser Compton Backscattering

Thank you for your attention!

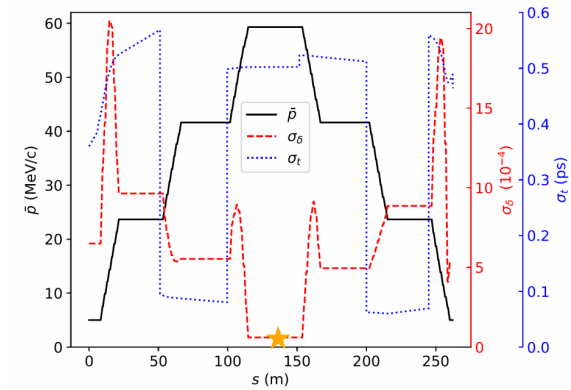
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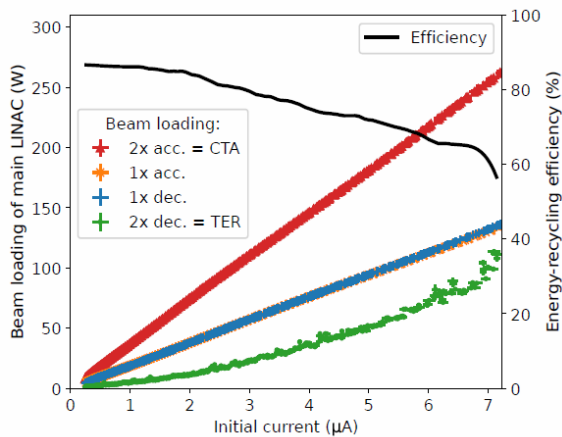
Overview



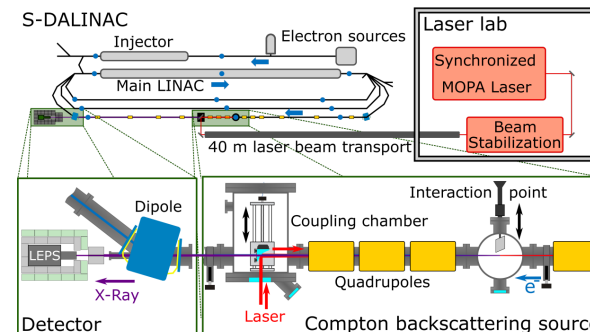
One-turn ERL operation



Three-turn ERL study



Two-turn ERL operation



Experiment: Laser Compton Backscattering