

Quantum-field Measurement Systems for Studies of the Universe and Particles VPI research center at KEK



# Louis Vaslin (QUP Postdoctoral fellow) Improving new detectors Quality Control procedures with Al-powered defect detection

## **Objectives**

- New Detectors for uncovering New Physics The search for New Physics require New Detectors More sensitivity More complexity
  - Ensure the <u>fabrication</u> and <u>assembly</u> of New Detectors => For a successful experiment
- The challenge of optimal quality Visual Inspection of detector components is one the the main challenge for Quality Control

## Strategy

– Combines two complementary approaches <u>Unsupervised defect detection</u>

Use anomaly detection to localize rare/unknown defects

- <u>Supervised defect classification</u> Use multi-class classifier to identify *common/recurrent defects*
- Requirements Efficiency

Manual Visual Inspection "by eyes" is difficult

### image Time consuming ugmented Acquisition Computer **Error prone** system Vision Using advance <u>AI techniques</u> to improve the procedure => Increase efficiency and reliability

### **Algorithms overview**

### Unsupervised

Denoising Auto-encoder architecture **Objectives:** 

> reconstruct main input features remove *defect-like patterns*

Use <u>difference between input and</u> output as **anomaly score** 

Select anomalous pixel areas

input image

### Supervised

<u>Feature Pyramid Network</u> (FPN) with *custom* classification head

### **Objectives:**

Extract high level features (FPN) Identify *specific defect categories* 

<u>Multiple binary classification</u> Individual scores for each class

Input image

Must combine fast inference and high precision for optimal performances

### **Portability**

Must be <u>flexible</u> and <u>adaptable</u> for an *easy integration* in any setup

### Demonstration

 New Inner Tracker for ATLAS detector **New detector** for the High Luminosity upgrade of ATLAS <u>2800 pixel modules</u> to be produce in Japan Each components undergo QC at *various stages* 

Major challenge to ensure Quality Control

– Test on real PCB images Model trained on one component of ITk pixel modules









### Application

– Integration to ITk QC workflow **Objective :** 

Include the new tools into an <u>existing framework</u>

Unsupervised algorithm has been successfully integrated

Usage in real detector production has started Achieved <u>fast inference</u> for **best performance** (<10s)

## **Going further**

### – Next steps

Final validation of the method during <u>ITk production</u> campaign

Extension to <u>different components</u> at **each stage** Optimization and integration of the supervised algorithm

## – Longer term opportunities

- Generic API for better portability
  - Facilitate <u>development</u> and <u>integration</u> in any setup Based on pytorch

**Key features :** 

- <u>Dataset generation</u> (with data augmentation)
- <u>Model definition</u> and <u>training</u> methods
- <u>Configuration files</u> with simple format
- Automatic <u>hardware selection</u> (CPU/GPU)

API available on <u>PyPI</u> for **easy installation** 

Open API to *public* for a <u>wider range of use</u> Application to different experimental projects Application in various field of science Possible extension outside of academic research (industries ?)

> QUP is making New Eyes for humanity => <u>New detection technologies</u>

Al-powered Quality Control procedures will help us make tomorrow's detectors even better



