



## J-PARC Hadron Experimental Facility Overview

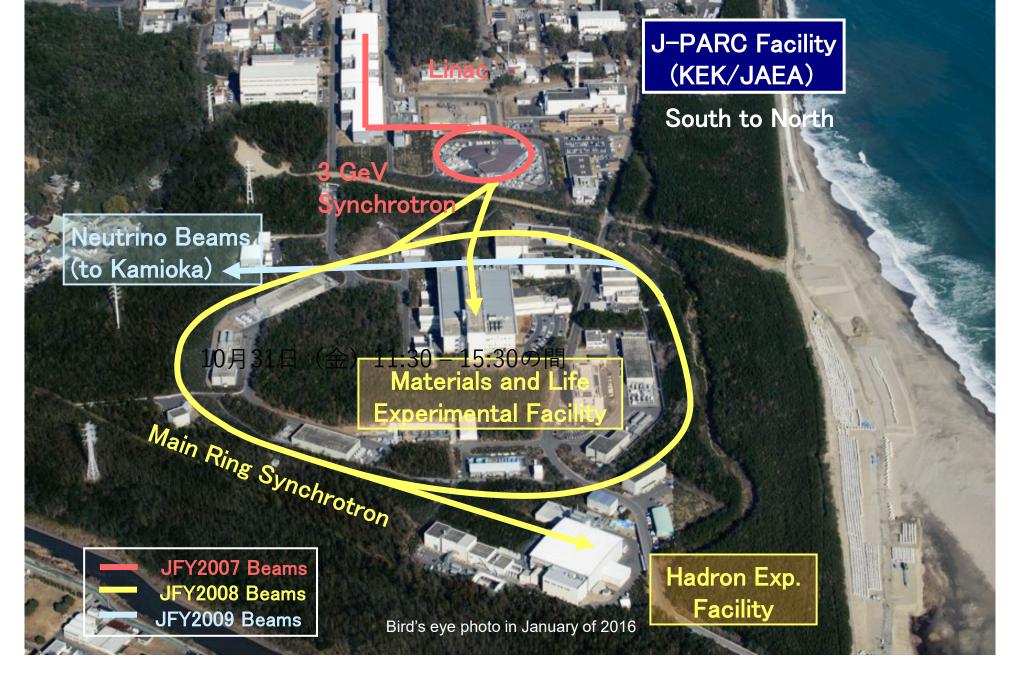
October 20, 2025
High Energy Accelerator Research Organization (KEK)

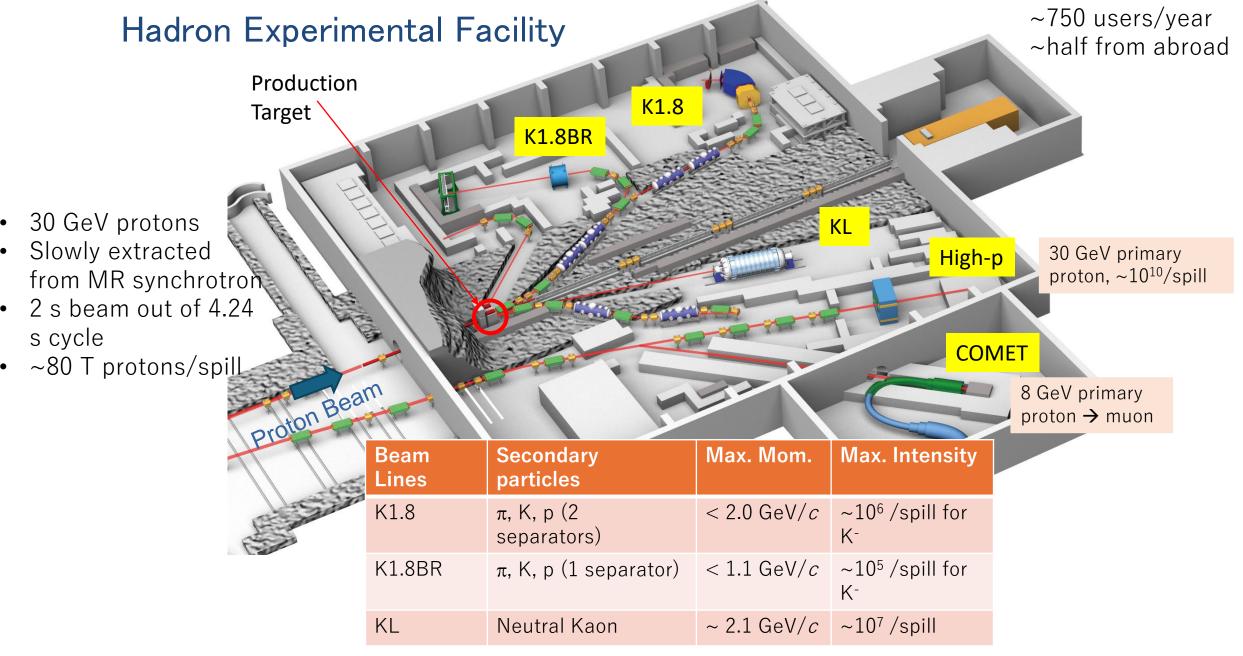
J-PARC Center

SAWADA, Shinya

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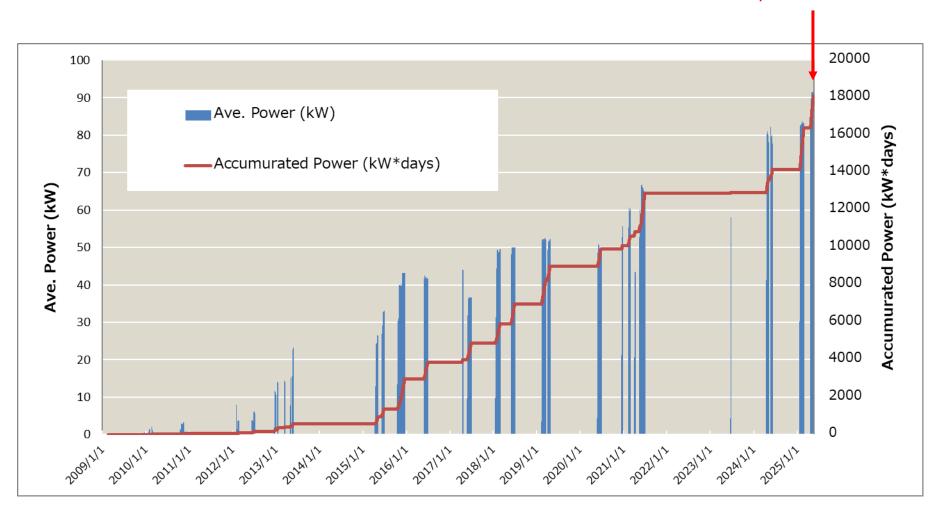
- J-PARC and Hadron Experimental Facility
- Research
- Key components/technologies
- Future
- Summary



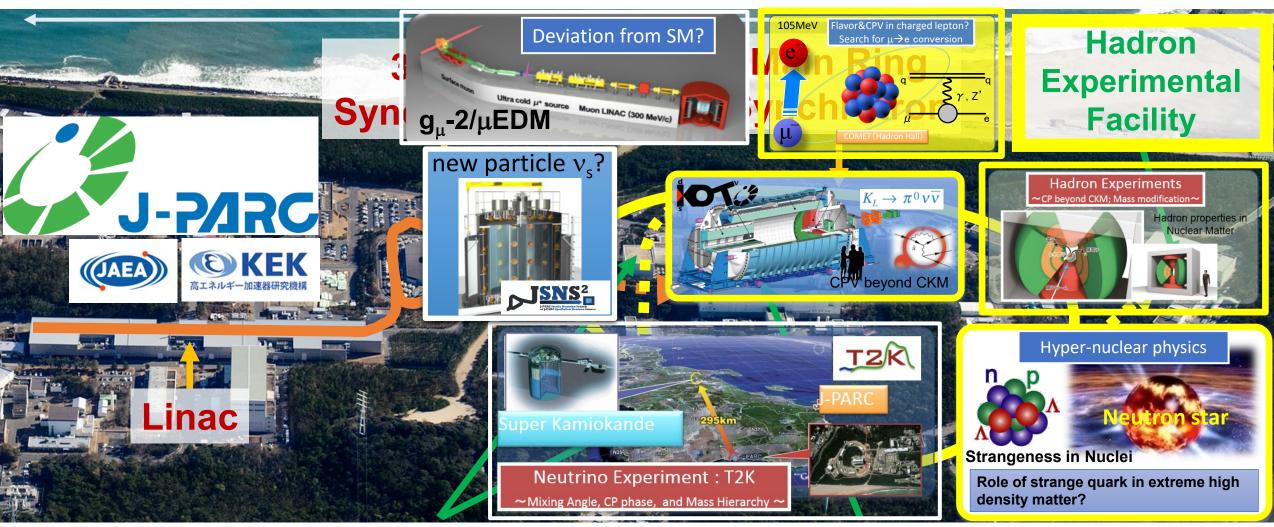


## SX Beam Power History

max beam power: 92 kW



## Particle and Nuclear Physics @ J-PARC



**Neutrino Experimental** 

**Material and Life Science** 

## Origin & Evolution of Matter

Matter-Antimatter
Symmetry



matter dominated universe

Flavor Physics

CP violation
weak interaction
→ new physics

Kaon rare decays

µ→e conversion

on

Origin of Matter Creation

formation of hadrons from quarks



**Hadron Physics** 

quark interactions
hadron mass-generation mechanism
Hadron spectroscopy
Meson in nuclei

Matter in Extreme Conditions

dense matter in neutron stars

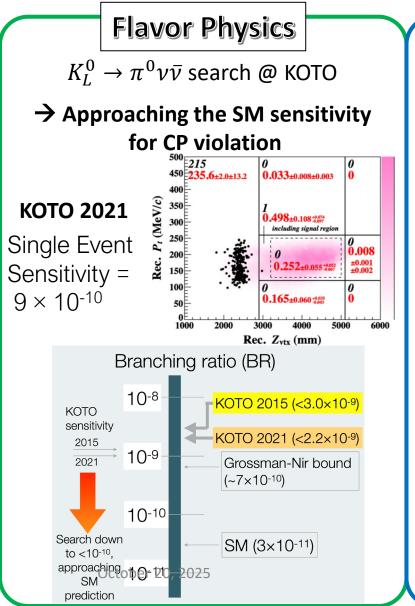
**Strangeness Nuclear Physics** 

hadron interactions hadronic many-body systems

Hyperon-Nucleon scattering
Hypernuclear spectroscopy

Hadron Experimental Facility @BRIDGE

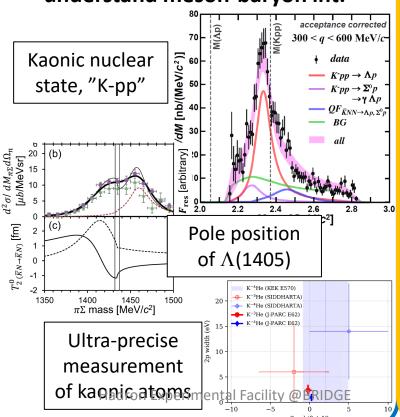
## Achievements in Research at the Hadron Experimental Facility



#### **Hadron Physics**

Observation of an exotic hadron bound system including K<sup>-</sup> meson

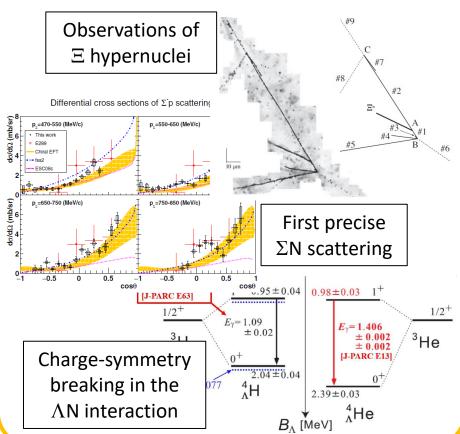
→ Established a new direction to understand meson-baryon int.



#### **Strangeness Nuclear Physics**

A lot of progress in hypernuclear research

→ Clarified attractive S=–2  $\Xi$ N interaction and deepened S=–1  $\Lambda$ N,  $\Sigma$ N interactions

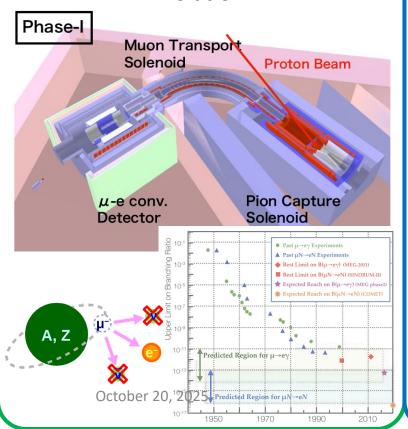


## Ongoing Research Programs at the Hadron Experimental Facility

#### **Flavor Physics**

Search for  $\mu \rightarrow e$  conversion @ COMET (2023~)

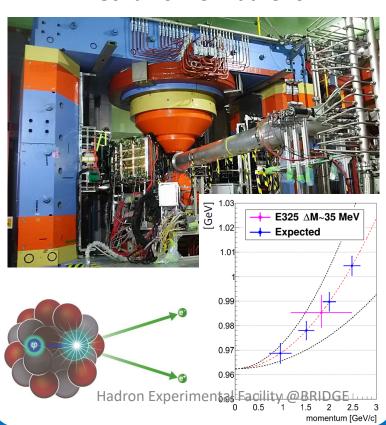
→ Search for charged lepton flavor violation



#### **Hadron Physics**

Measurement of spectral modification of  $\phi$  meson in nuclei (2020 $^{\sim}$ )

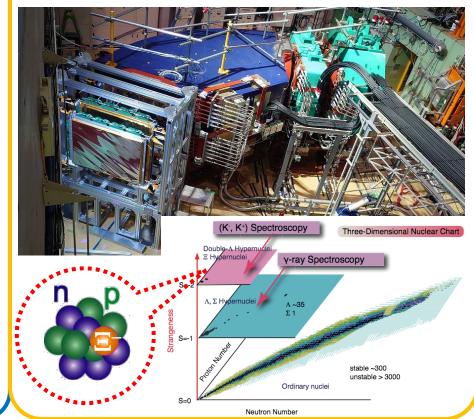
→ Investigate mass-generation mechanism of hadrons



#### **Strangeness Nuclear Physics**

High-resolution spectroscopic study of S=-2  $\Xi$ -hypernuclei (2023 $^{\sim}$ )

 $\rightarrow$  Provide accurate and systematic information on  $\Xi N$ ,  $\Lambda\Lambda$  interactions



## Key components and technologies

- Radiation-resistant (normal conducting) magnets
  - cables cured with BT resin or mineral insulation cables
  - many second-hand magnets with epoxy → scheduled upgrade necessary
- Air tightness of the primary beamline
  - not to release radioactive materials to the hall
- Vacuum system
  - metal sealing, quick maintenance
  - pillow seal, beam slit, beam collimator, ···



## Key components and technologies

- Production target 

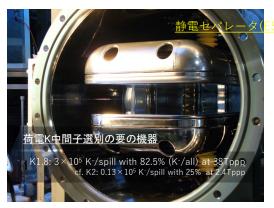
   Hiroaki WATANABE's talk today
  - Currently 115 kW target used → should be upgraded
  - Also Fumimasa MUTO's poster
- Beam monitors
  - Residual gas ionization monitors
  - Beam loss monitors
- Power supply
  - Many old power supplies to be replaced
- Control system
- Beam dump
- Electrostatic separators



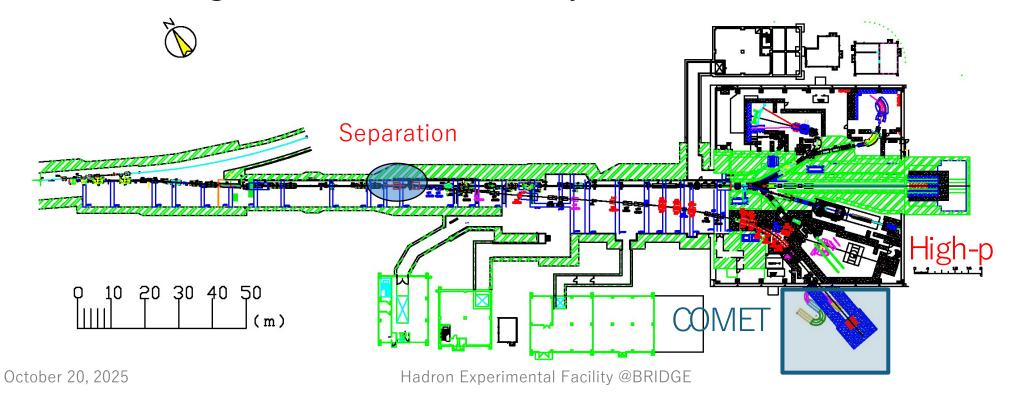








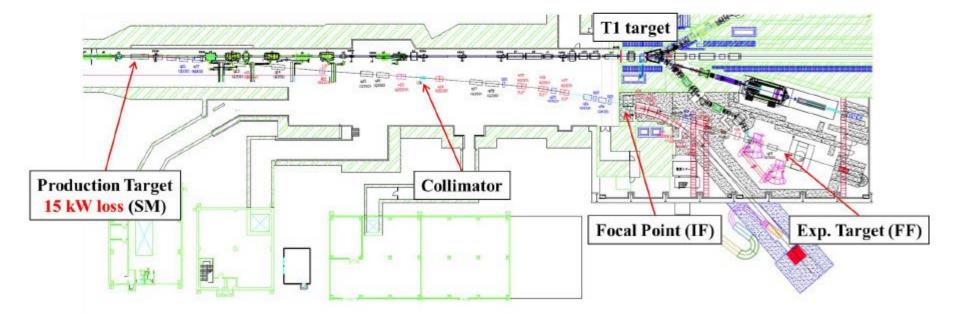
- The high-momentum beamline is used only for primary 30-GeV proton experiments.
- Needs for high-momentum secondary beams



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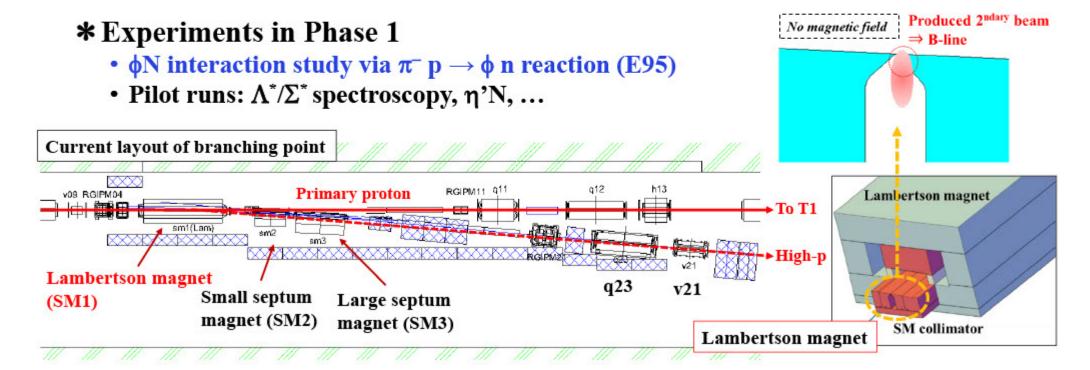
#### High-p beam line for $2^{ndary}$ beam: $\pi 20$

- \* High-p: 2ndary beams can be provided from the primary proton beam.
- High intensity: >10<sup>7</sup> /spill for  $\pi^{\pm}$ , p (>10<sup>5</sup> /spill for K<sup>-</sup>,  $\bar{p}$ ) up to 20 GeV/c
- High momentum-resolution beam:  $\Delta p/p = 0.1\%(\sigma)$
- ⇒ Construction staging toward realizing E50: Phase 1, 2, 3



#### $\pi 20$ Phase 1

- Secondary particles from branching point (Lambertson magnet)
  - No modification of beam line components and radiation shields
  - Polarity change device for negative beam ⇒ Budget secured
- ⇒ Evaluation of secondary beam properties: T106/P93 experiment



#### Staging plan toward constructing $\pi 20$

#### **Phase 1: Minimum modification**

- 2ndary beam from A-B branching point (Lambertson magnet)
- $\Rightarrow \sim 10^5 / \text{spill } \pi @ 2-20 \text{ GeV/c}$
- · Key equipment: Polarity change device

Also muon beam possibility → Hitoshi TAKAHASHI's talk today

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#### Phase 2: High-intensity & high-momentum (for ≡ spectroscopy)

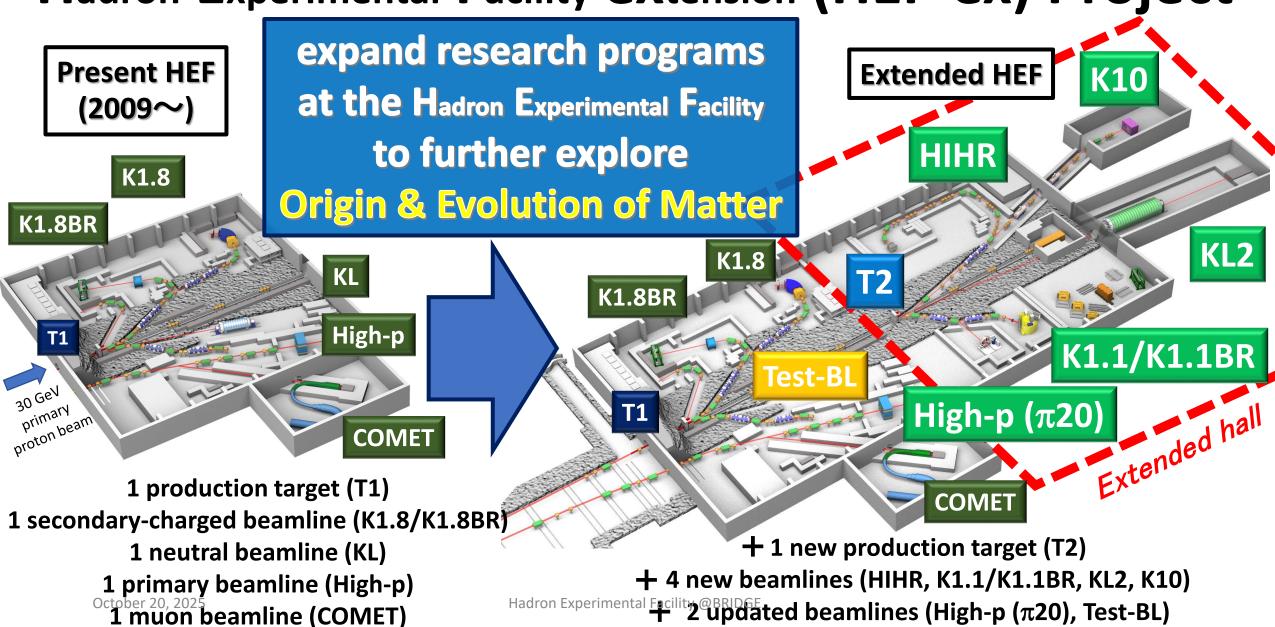
- Upgrade of A-B branching point (Several kW loss)
- $\Rightarrow$  > Several 10<sup>6</sup> /spill  $\pi$  @ 2–20 GeV/c & ~10<sup>5</sup>/spill K<sup>-</sup>/ $\overline{p}$  @ 5–10 GeV/c
- · Key equipment: Thin prod. target, beam swinger magnets

#### Phase 3: Full $\pi 20$ (for Charmed baryon and $\Omega$ spectroscopy)

- Full specification for 2<sup>ndary</sup> beam production (~15 kW loss)
- $\Rightarrow \geq 6.0 \times 10^7 / \text{spill } \pi @ 2 20 \text{ GeV/c} \& \text{Several } 10^5 / \text{spill } \text{K}^- / \overline{\text{p}} @ 5 10 \text{ GeV/c}$
- Key equipment: Gas tight prod. target, radiation shields

# Hadron Experimental Facility eXtension (HEF-ex) Project

## Hadron Experimental Facility extension (HEF-ex) Project



1 muon beamline (COMET)

#### Determine density dependent $\Lambda N$ interaction



Ultra-high-resolution  $\Lambda$  hypernuclei spectroscopy



• intense dispersion matched  $\pi$  beam

Systematic  $\Lambda N$  scattering measurement

• intense polarized  $\Lambda$  beam

#### Investigate diquarks in baryons

high-p (π20) **High-resolution charm baryon spectroscopy** 

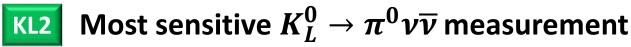
• intense high-momentum  $\pi$  beam

K10

High-resolution multi-strange baryon spectroscopy

intense high-momentum separated K beam

#### Search for new physics beyond the SM

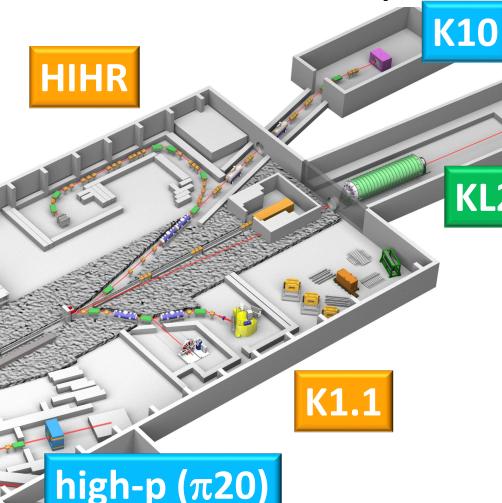


• intense neutral K beam

Hadron Experimental Facility @B

# **Expanded Research Programs**

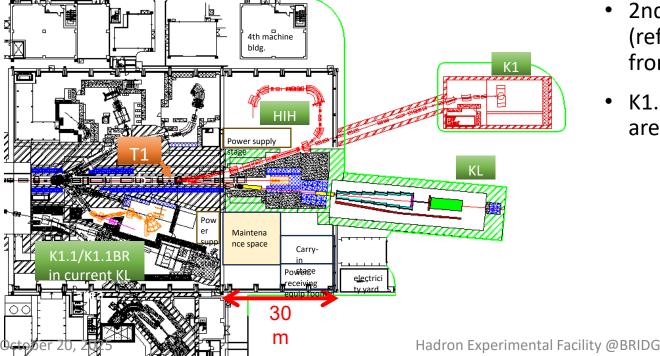
at the Extended Facility



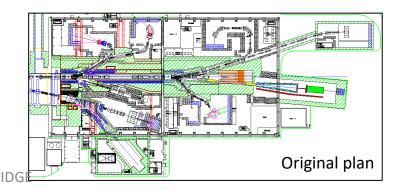
## Staging approach for extension

- In KEK-PIP2022 (Project Implementation Plan), HEF-ex project got 1<sup>st</sup> priority for the budget request.
- However, construction cost was significantly increased after COVID-19: 150  $\rightarrow$  200 Oku-yen.
- Cost reduction/optimization and staging plans with smaller steps are under discussion for early realization of the project.

Reduced plan (under discussion)



- 2nd target is installed in current hall. (referred to as "T1.5" to distinguish from T2 in the original plan)
- K1.1/K1.1BR are built in current KL area.





## **Project Refined with Communities**

https://www.rcnp.osaka-u.ac.jp/~jparchua/en/hefextension.html







## Summary

- J-PARC Hadron Experimental Facility has secondary beamlines and primary beamlines
- Used for nuclear and particle physics experiments
- Intensity of the 30-GeV primary proton beam has been successfully improved to 92 kW with the slow extraction
- There are key components/technologies with high radiation environment
- Future upgrades are also planned/considered